

EVANGELINE EQUIVALENT AQUIFER SUMMARY, 2018 AQUIFER SAMPLING AND ASSESSMENT PROGRAM



APPENDIX 13 TO THE 2018 TRIENNIAL SUMMARY REPORT
PARTIAL FUNDING PROVIDED BY THE CWA



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BACKGROUND

The Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality's (LDEQ) Aquifer Sampling and Assessment Program (ASSET) is an ambient monitoring program established to determine and monitor the quality of groundwater produced from Louisiana's major freshwater aquifers. The ASSET Program samples approximately 200 water wells located in 14 aquifers across the state. The sampling process is designed so that all 14 aquifers are monitored on a rotating basis, within a three-year period so that each well is monitored every three years.

In order to better assess the water quality of a particular aquifer, an attempt is made to sample all ASSET Program wells producing from it in a narrow time frame. To more conveniently and economically promulgate those data collected, a summary report on each aquifer is prepared separately. Collectively, these aquifer summaries will make up, in part, the ASSET Program's Triennial Summary Report.

Analytical and field data contained in this summary were collected from wells producing from the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer during the 2018 state fiscal year (July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018). This summary will become Appendix 13 to the ASSET Program Triennial Summary Report for 2018.

These data show that in from October 2017 through June 2018, 15 wells were sampled which produce from the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer. Eight of the wells are classified as public supply, while three are classified as domestic, three wells are classified as industrial and one is classified as irrigation. The wells are located in 11 parishes in southeast Louisiana.

Figure 13-1 shows the geographic locations of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer and the associated wells, whereas Table 13-1 lists the wells in the aquifer along with their total depths, use made of produced waters and date sampled.

Well data, including well location, aquifer assignment, and well use classification for registered water wells were obtained from the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources' water well registration data file.

GEOLOGY

The Evangeline Equivalent aquifer is composed of the Pliocene aged aquifers of the Baton Rouge area and St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, and Washington Parishes. These Pliocene sediments outcrop in southwestern Mississippi. The sedimentary sequences that make up the aquifer system are subdivided into several aquifer units separated by confining beds.

Northward within southeast Louisiana, fewer units are recognized because some younger units pinch out updip and some clay layers present to the south disappear. Where clay layers are discontinuous or disappear, aquifer units coalesce. The aquifers consist of moderately to well sorted, fine to medium grained sands, with interbedded coarse sand, silt, and clay.

HYDROGEOLOGY

The deposits that constitute the individual aquifers are not readily differentiated at the surface and act as one hydraulic system that can be subdivided into several hydrologic zones in the subsurface. A zone or ridge of saline water occurs within the Pliocene sediments beneath the Mississippi River alluvial valley. Recharge occurs primarily by the direct infiltration of rainfall in interstream, upland outcrop areas, and by the movement of water between aquifers.

The hydraulic conductivity varies between 10-200 feet/day. The maximum depths of occurrence of freshwater in the Evangeline Equivalent range from zero to 2,500 feet below sea level. The range of thickness of the fresh water interval in the Evangeline Equivalent is 50 to 1,500 feet. The depths of the Evangeline Equivalent wells that were monitored in conjunction with the ASSET Program range from 185 to 2,004 feet below ground surface.

PROGRAM PARAMETERS

The field parameters checked at each ASSET well sampling site and the list of conventional parameters analyzed in the laboratory are shown in Table 13-2. The inorganic parameters analyzed in the laboratory are listed in Table 13-3. These tables also show the field and analytical results determined for each analyte. For quality control, a duplicate sample was taken for each parameter at well AV-680.

In addition to the field, conventional and inorganic analytical parameters, the target analyte list includes three other categories of compounds: volatiles, semi-volatiles, and pesticides/PCBs. Due to the large number of analytes in these categories, tables were not prepared showing the analytical results for these compounds. A discussion of any detections from any of these three categories, if necessary, can be found in their respective sections. Tables 13-8, 13-9 and 13-10 list the target analytes for volatiles, semi-volatiles and pesticides/PCBs, respectively.

Tables 13-4 and 13-5 provide a statistical overview of field and conventional data, and inorganic data for the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, listing the minimum, maximum, and average results for these parameters collected in the FY 2018 sampling. Tables 13-6 and 13-7 compare these same parameter averages to historical ASSET-derived data for the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, from fiscal years 1997, 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012, and 2015.

The average values listed in the above referenced tables are determined using all valid, reported results, including those reported as non-detect, or less than the detection limit (< DL). Per Departmental policy concerning statistical analysis, one-half the DL is used in place of zero when non-detects are encountered. However, the minimum value is reported < DL, not one-half the DL. If all values for a particular analyte are determined to be < DL, then the minimum, maximum, and average values are all reported as < DL.

Due to the variability in the laboratory's reporting detection limits caused by dilution factors, whenever an analyte in question is not detected, the standard reporting detection limit value for each analytical method is used as the DL when performing statistical calculations.

Charts 13-1 through 13-18 represent the trend of the graphed parameter, based on the averaged value of that parameter for each three-year reporting period. Discussion of historical data and related trends is found in the **Water Quality Trends and Comparison to Historical ASSET Data** section.

INTERPRETATION OF DATA

Under the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act, EPA has established maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) for pollutants that may pose a health risk in public drinking water. An MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that EPA allows in public drinking water. MCLs ensure that drinking water does not pose either a short-term or long-term health risk. While not all wells sampled were public supply wells, the ASSET Program uses the MCLs as a benchmark for further evaluation.

EPA has set secondary standards, which are defined as non-enforceable taste, odor, or appearance guidelines. Field and laboratory data contained in Tables 13-2 and 13-3 show that 10 secondary MCLs (SMCL) were exceeded in eight of the wells sampled in the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer.

Field and Conventional Parameters

Table 13-2 shows the field and conventional parameters for which samples are collected at each well and the analytical results for those parameters. Table 13-4 provides an overview of this data for the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, listing the minimum, maximum, and average results for these parameters.

Federal Primary Drinking Water Standards: A review of the analysis listed in Table 13-2 shows that no MCL was exceeded for field or conventional parameters for this reporting period. Any ASSET well reporting turbidity levels greater than 1.0 NTU does not exceed the MCL of 1.0, as this standard applies to public supply water wells that are under the direct influence of surface water. The Louisiana Department of Health has determined that no public water supply well in Louisiana was in this category.

Federal Secondary Drinking Water Standards: A review of the analysis listed in Table 13-2 shows that seven wells exceeded the SMCL for pH and one well exceeded the SMCL for Color. Laboratory results take precedence over field results in total dissolved solids (TDS) exceedance determinations, thus only laboratory results are counted in determining SMCL exceedance numbers for TDS. Following is a list of SMCL exceedances with well number and results:

pH (SMCL = 6.5 – 8.5 Standard Units):

| | |
|----------|---------|
| EB-1003 | 8.57 SU |
| EF-MILEY | 8.58 SU |
| LI-299 | 8.74 SU |
| PC-325 | 8.72 SU |
| ST-820 | 8.68 SU |
| WA-241 | 6.43 SU |
| WBR-181 | 8.99 SU |

Color (SMCL = 15 PCU):

| | |
|--------|--------|
| ST-820 | 19 PCU |
|--------|--------|

Inorganic Parameters

Table 13-3 shows the inorganic (total metals) parameters for which samples are collected at each well and the analytical results for those parameters. Table 13-5 provides an overview of inorganic data for the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, listing the minimum, maximum, and average results for these parameters.

Federal Primary Drinking Water Standards: A review of the analyses listed on Table 13-3 shows that no MCL was exceeded for total metals.

Federal Secondary Drinking Water Standards: Laboratory data contained in Table 13-3 shows that 2 wells exceeded the SMCL for iron:

Iron (SMCL = 300 µg/L):

| | |
|----------|-----------|
| WA-241 | 1710 µg/L |
| WF-DELEE | 332 µg/L |

Volatile Organic Compounds

Table 13-8 shows the volatile organic compound (VOC) parameters for which samples are collected at each well. Due to the number of analytes in this category, analytical results are not tabulated; however, any detection of a VOC would be discussed in this section.

One well, TA-286, reported low levels of compounds typically associated with disinfection of drinking water. Dibromochloromethane, bromodichloromethane, and chloroform (none have an MCL established) were reported at 0.67 µg/L, 1.40 µg/L, and 1.90 µg/L respectively. There was no other confirmed VOC detection at or above its detection limit during the FY 2018 sampling of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer.

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

Table 13-9 shows the semi-volatile organic compound (SVOC) parameters for which samples are collected at each well. Due to the number of analytes in this category, analytical results are not tabulated; however any detection of a SVOC would be discussed in this section.

There was only one SVOC detected at or above its detection limit during the FY 2018 sampling of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer. This detection occurred in well PC-325 where diethyl phthalate (no MCL established) was reported at 8.90 µg/L.

Pesticides and PCBs

Table 13-10 shows the pesticide and PCB parameters for which samples are collected at each well. Due to the number of analytes in this category, analytical results are not tabulated; however any detection of a pesticide or PCB would be discussed in this section.

There was no confirmed Pesticide or PCB detection at or above its detection limit during the FY 2018 sampling of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer.

WATER QUALITY TRENDS AND COMPARISON TO HISTORICAL ASSET DATA

Analytical and field data show that the quality and characteristics of groundwater produced from the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer exhibit some changes when comparing current data to that of the seven previous sampling rotations. These comparisons can be found in Tables 13-6 and 13-7, and in Charts 13-1 to 13-18 of this summary. Increasing or decreasing trend statements made here are based on an R-square value (slope) of 0.03 or greater. An R-square value of less than 0.03 is considered to have only a slight or no change.

Over the 21-year period four analytes, alkalinity, barium, sulfate, and total phosphorus have shown a general increase in average concentration. For this same period, nine analytes have demonstrated a decrease in average concentration, they are: copper, chloride, color, iron, salinity, specific conductance (field and lab), temperature, total dissolved solids (field and lab), and zinc. The remaining analytes were non-detect or have been consistent with only minor fluctuations over this period.

The number of secondary exceedances in the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer is consistent with the FY 2015 sampling, with 10 exceedances. In the FY 2018 sampling there were a total of 10 SMCLs exceedances in eight wells.

SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

In summary, the data show that the groundwater produced from this aquifer is soft¹ and is of good quality when considering short-term or long-term health risk guidelines. Laboratory data show that no ASSET well that was sampled during the Fiscal Year 2018 monitoring of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer exceeded an MCL. The data also show that this aquifer is of good quality when considering taste, odor, or appearance guidelines, with 10 SMCLs exceedances in eight wells.

Comparison to historical ASSET-derived data shows only slight change in the quality or characteristics of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, with four parameters showing consistent increases in concentration and nine decreasing in concentration over the previous 18 years.

It is recommended that the wells assigned to the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer be re-sampled as planned, in approximately three years. In addition, several wells should be added to the 15 currently in place to increase the well density for this aquifer.

¹ Classification based on hardness scale from: Peavy, H. S. et al. *Environmental Engineering*. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1985.

**Table 13-1: List of Wells Sampled–FY 2018
Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer System**

| Well ID | Parish | Date | Owner | Depth (Feet) | Well Use |
|-----------|------------------|------------|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| AV-680 | Avoyelles | 10/17/2017 | Avoyelles Water Commission | 553 | Public Supply |
| EB-1003 | East Baton Rouge | 10/31/2017 | Baton Rouge Water Works | 1,430 | Public Supply |
| EF-MILEY | East Feliciana | 3/14/2018 | Private Owner | 185 | Domestic |
| LI-299 | Livingston | 11/14/2017 | Ward 2 Water District | 1,417 | Public Supply |
| PC-325 | Pointe Coupee | 10/19/2017 | Alma Plantation LTD | 1,252 | Industrial |
| SL-679 | St. Landry | 10/17/2017 | Alon USA | 1,152 | Industrial |
| ST-532 | St. Tammany | 6/7/2018 | Northlake Hospital | 1,520 | Public Supply |
| ST-820 | St. Tammany | 6/14/2018 | Southern Manor MHP | 2,004 | Public Supply |
| TA-284 | Tangipahoa | 4/25/2018 | City of Ponchatoula | 608 | Public Supply |
| TA-286 | Tangipahoa | 4/26/2018 | Town of Kentwood | 640 | Public Supply |
| TA-10046Z | Tangipahoa | 6/27/2018 | Highway 51 MHP | 590 | Public Supply |
| WA-241 | Washington | 6/27/2018 | Private Owner | 400 | Irrigation |
| WA-5210Z | Washington | 5/31/2018 | Private Owner | 752 | Domestic |
| WBR-181 | West Baton Rouge | 10/19/2017 | Port of Greater Baton Rouge | 1,900 | Industrial |
| WF-DELEE | West Feliciana | 11/13/2017 | Private Owner | 240 | Domestic |

**Table 13-2: Summary of Field and Conventional Data—FY 2018
Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer System**

| Well ID | pH SU | Sal. ppt | Sp. Cond. mmhos/cm | Temp Deg. C | TDS g/L | Alk mg/L | Cl mg/L | Color PCU | Hard. mg/L | Nitrite- Nitrate (as N) mg/L | NH3 mg/L | Tot. P mg/L | Sp. Cond. umhos/cm | SO4 mg/L | TDS mg/L | TKN mg/L | TSS mg/L | Turb. mg/L |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| | LABORATORY REPORTING LIMITS → | | | | | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.05 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0.1 | 4 | 0.1 |
| | FIELD PARAMETERS | | | | | LABORATORY PARAMETERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AV-680 | 7.60 | 0.20 | 0.419 | 18.76 | 0.272 | 216 | 16.2 | < DL | 14 | < DL | 0.35 | < DL | 442 | 10.8 | 310 | 0.37 | 7 | 0.62 |
| AV-680* | 7.60 | 0.20 | 0.419 | 18.76 | 0.272 | 195 | 16.5 | < DL | 14 | < DL | 0.36 | 0.10 | 434 | 6.7 | 270 | 0.63 | 5 | 0.38 |
| EB-1003 | 8.57 | 0.13 | 0.284 | 23.96 | 0.185 | 147 | 4.5 | < DL | 6 | < DL | 0.10 | 0.25 | 279 | 12.1 | 130 | 0.33 | < DL | 0.10 |
| EF-MILEY | 8.58 | 0.02 | 0.054 | 15.91 | 0.035 | 18 | 3.3 | < DL | 6 | < DL | < DL | 0.06 | 53 | < DL | 70 | 0.13 | < DL | 0.10 |
| LI-299 | 8.74 | 0.13 | 0.273 | 21.05 | 0.177 | 122 | 3.9 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 0.52 | 284 | 7.3 | 210 | 0.14 | < DL | 0.59 |
| PC-325 | 8.72 | 0.14 | 0.287 | 22.11 | 0.187 | 145 | 3.6 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 0.21 | 0.50 | 284 | 9.6 | 205 | 0.50 | < DL | 0.31 |
| SL-679 | 8.47 | 0.17 | 0.362 | 23.07 | 0.235 | 173 | 3.9 | < DL | 6 | < DL | 0.18 | 0.40 | 369 | 11.1 | 275 | 0.37 | < DL | 0.25 |
| ST-532 | 8.36 | 0.15 | 0.326 | 25.37 | 0.212 | 146 | 2.6 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 0.12 | 0.32 | 336 | 11.9 | 215 | 0.58 | < DL | 2.10 |
| ST-820 | 8.68 | 0.23 | 0.470 | 25.18 | 0.306 | 225 | 6.6 | 19 | < DL | < DL | 0.52 | 0.32 | 458 | 9.4 | 300 | 0.73 | < DL | 0.31 |
| TA-10046Z | 7.21 | 0.04 | 0.085 | 18.26 | 0.055 | 32 | 4.0 | 6 | 14 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 90 | 1.4 | 110 | 4.80 | < DL | 0.27 |
| TA-284 | 8.13 | 0.13 | 0.271 | 20.09 | 0.176 | 125 | 2.4 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 0.25 | 287 | 9.1 | 175 | 0.51 | < DL | 0.16 |
| TA-286 | 6.84 | 0.07 | 0.147 | 20.03 | 0.095 | 65 | 3.6 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 0.07 | 159 | 2.8 | 155 | 0.47 | 5 | 1.30 |
| WA-241 | 6.43 | 0.04 | 0.084 | 17.38 | 0.055 | 21 | 2.7 | < DL | 16 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 87 | 9.8 | 35 | 0.54 | < DL | 1.40 |
| WA-5210Z | 7.29 | 0.07 | 0.148 | 17.20 | 0.096 | 58 | 3.1 | < DL | 32 | < DL | 0.10 | 0.18 | 153 | 9.3 | 160 | 0.36 | < DL | 0.18 |
| WBR-181 | 8.99 | 0.14 | 0.300 | 24.87 | 0.195 | 149 | 3.3 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 0.17 | 0.58 | 382 | 9.4 | 210 | 0.44 | < DL | 0.22 |
| WF-DELEE | 8.03 | 0.04 | 0.080 | 16.51 | 0.052 | 18 | 9.2 | < DL | 16 | 0.87 | < DL | < DL | 85 | < DL | 150 | 0.59 | < DL | 0.69 |

* Duplicate Sample

Shaded cells exceed EPA Secondary Standards



**Table 13-3: Summary of Inorganic Data–FY 2018
Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer System**

| Well ID | Antimony µg/L | Arsenic µg/L | Barium µg/L | Beryllium µg/L | Cadmium µg/L | Chromium µg/L | Copper µg/L | Iron µg/L | Lead µg/L | Mercury µg/L | Nickel µg/L | Selenium µg/L | Silver µg/L | Thallium µg/L | Zinc µg/L |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|
| Laboratory Reporting Limits | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 50 | 1 | 0.2 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5 |
| AV-680 | < DL | < DL | 83.8 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 1.6 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| AV-680* | < DL | < DL | 79.4 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 6.5 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 6.9 |
| EB-1003 | < DL | < DL | 16.5 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| EF-MILEY | < DL | < DL | 81.8 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 36.4 | < DL | 1.8 | < DL | 1.2 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 16.0 |
| LI-299 | < DL | < DL | 5.3 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 65 | 1.4 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| PC-325 | < DL | < DL | 6.4 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| SL-679 | < DL | < DL | 15.4 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| ST-532 | < DL | < DL | 6.3 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 135 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 5.9 |
| ST-820 | < DL | < DL | 18.5 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 1.3 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 264.0 |
| TA-10046Z | < DL | < DL | 73.6 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 3.7 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| TA-284 | < DL | < DL | 16.4 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| TA-286 | < DL | 3.4 | 11.2 | < DL | < DL | 2.2 | < DL | 53 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 5.0 |
| WA-241 | < DL | < DL | 86.4 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 1760 | < DL | < DL | 3.7 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 14.0 |
| WA-5210Z | < DL | < DL | 60.8 | < DL | < DL | 28.2 | 8.7 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 20.8 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 5.9 |
| WBR-181 | < DL | < DL | 2.0 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| WF-DELEE | < DL | < DL | 41.2 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 332 | < DL | < DL | 1.3 | < DL | < DL | < DL | 11.0 |

*Denotes Duplicate Sample

Shaded cells exceed EPA Secondary Standards

Table 13-4: FY 2018 Field and Conventional Statistics, ASSET Wells

| | PARAMETER | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| FIELD | pH (SU) | 6.43 | 8.99 | 8.02 |
| | Salinity (ppt) | 0.02 | 0.23 | 0.12 |
| | Specific Conductance (mmhos/cm) | 0.054 | 0.470 | 0.251 |
| | Temperature (°C) | 15.91 | 25.37 | 20.53 |
| | TDS (g/L) | 0.035 | 0.306 | 0.163 |
| LABORATORY | Alkalinity (mg/L) | 18 | 225 | 116 |
| | Chloride (mg/L) | 2.4 | 16.5 | 5.6 |
| | Color (PCU) | < DL | 19 | < DL |
| | Hardness (mg/L) | < DL | 32 | 9 |
| | Nitrite - Nitrate, as N (mg/L) | < DL | 0.87 | 0.08 |
| | Ammonia, as N (mg/L) | < DL | 0.52 | 0.15 |
| | Total Phosphorus (mg/L) | < DL | 0.58 | 0.24 |
| | Specific Conductance (µmhos/cm) | 53 | 458 | 261 |
| | Sulfate (mg/L) | < DL | 12.1 | 7.6 |
| | TDS (mg/L) | 35 | 310 | 186 |
| | TKN (mg/L) | 0.13 | 4.80 | 0.72 |
| | TSS (mg/L) | < DL | 7 | < DL |
| | Turbidity (NTU) | 0.10 | 2.10 | 0.56 |

Table 13-5: FY 2018 Inorganic Statistics, ASSET Wells

| | PARAMETER | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE |
|--|------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Antimony (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| | Arsenic (µg/L) | < DL | 3.4 | < DL |
| | Barium (µg/L) | 2.0 | 86.4 | 37.8 |
| | Beryllium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| | Cadmium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| | Chromium (µg/L) | < DL | 28.2 | 2.3 |
| | Copper (µg/L) | < DL | 36.4 | 4.6 |
| | Iron (µg/L) | < DL | 1760 | 164 |
| | Lead (µg/L) | < DL | 1.8 | < DL |
| | Mercury (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| | Nickel (µg/L) | < DL | 20.8 | 2.1 |
| | Selenium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| | Silver (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| | Thallium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| | Zinc (µg/L) | < DL | 264.0 | 21.8 |

Table 13-6: Triennial Field and Conventional Statistics, ASSET Wells

| PARAMETER | | AVERAGE VALUES BY FISCAL YEAR | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | FY 1997 | FY 2000 | FY 2003 | FY 2006 | FY 2009 | FY 2012 | FY 2015 | FY 2018 |
| FIELD | pH (SU) | 7.45 | 8.02 | 8.41 | 7.88 | 8.12 | 7.77 | 7.62 | 8.02 |
| | Salinity (ppt) | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| | Specific Conductance (mmhos/cm) | 0.330 | 0.240 | 0.270 | 0.280 | 0.260 | 0.250 | 0.256 | 0.251 |
| | Temperature (OC) | 25.17 | 22.73 | 22.74 | 22.59 | 22.88 | 22.17 | 22.22 | 20.53 |
| | Total Dissolved Solids (g/L) | - | - | - | 0.180 | 0.170 | 0.160 | 0.166 | 0.163 |
| LABORATORY | Alkalinity (mg/L) | 125 | 110 | 118 | 120 | 126 | 112 | 150 | 116 |
| | Chloride (mg/L) | 13.7 | 8.3 | 7.3 | 11.8 | 8.4 | 6.8 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| | Color (PCU) | 14 | 8 | 8 | 14 | < DL | < DL | 5 | < DL |
| | Hardness (mg/L) | 10 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 7 | 12 | 12 | 9 |
| | Nitrite - Nitrate, as N (mg/L) | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.14 | 0.08 |
| | Ammonia, as N (mg/L) | 0.30 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.17 | < DL | 0.17 | 0.23 | 0.15 |
| | Total Phosphorus (mg/L) | 0.19 | 0.27 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 0.23 | 0.24 |
| | Specific Conductance (µmhos/cm) | 277 | 250 | 237 | 269 | 248 | 249 | 217 | 261 |
| | Sulfate (mg/L) | 5.8 | 6.5 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 7.6 |
| | Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L) | 233 | 163 | 170 | 198 | 185 | 163 | 172 | 186 |
| | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L) | 1.14 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 0.23 | 0.35 | < DL | 0.62 | 0.72 |
| | Total Suspended Solids (mg/L) | < DL | 4.7 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| | Turbidity (NTU) | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.3 | < DL | < DL | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.6 |

Table 13-7: Triennial Inorganic Statistics, ASSET Wells

| PARAMETER | | AVERAGE VALUES BY FISCAL YEAR | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | FY 1997 | FY 2000 | FY 2003 | FY 2006 | FY 2009 | FY 2012 | FY 2015 | FY 2018 |
| Antimony (µg/L) | 11.5 | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| Arsenic (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL |
| Barium (µg/L) | 29.1 | 41.0 | 39.9 | 47.8 | 39.3 | 40.8 | 40.3 | 37.8 | |
| Beryllium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | |
| Cadmium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | |
| Chromium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 2.3 | |
| Copper (µg/L) | 12.9 | 9.0 | 6.7 | < DL | < DL | 6.2 | 10.8 | 4.6 | |
| Iron (µg/L) | 331 | 943 | 204 | 265 | 174 | 152 | 261 | 164 | |
| Lead (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 1.0 | < DL | |
| Mercury (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | |
| Nickel (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | 1.40 | 2.1 | |
| Selenium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | |
| Silver (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | |
| Thallium (µg/L) | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | < DL | |
| Zinc (µg/L) | 141.6 | 178.0 | 11.8 | < DL | < DL | 6.0 | 21.0 | 21.8 | |

Table 13-8: Volatile Organic Compound List

| VOC ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS | METHOD | REPORTING LIMIT (µg/L) |
|-----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| BENZENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| BROMODICHLOROMETHANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| BROMOFORM | 624 | 0.50 |
| BROMOMETHANE | 624 | 1.0 |
| CARBON TETRACHLORIDE | 624 | 0.50 |
| CHLOROBENZENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| CHLOROETHANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| CHLOROFORM | 624 | 0.50 |
| CHLOROMETHANE | 624 | 1.0 |
| CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE | 624 | 1.0 |
| DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE | 624 | 0.50 |
| ETHYL BENZENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| METHYLENE CHLORIDE | 624 | 1.0 |
| O-XYLENE (1,2-DIMETHYLBENZENE) | 624 | 0.50 |
| STYRENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| TERT-BUTYL METHYL ETHER | 624 | 0.50 |
| TETRACHLOROETHYLENE (PCE) | 624 | 0.50 |
| TOLUENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE | 624 | 0.50 |
| TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE) | 624 | 0.50 |
| TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE (FREON-11) | 624 | 0.50 |
| VINYL CHLORIDE | 624 | 0.50 |
| XYLENES, M & P | 624 | 1.0 |

Table 13-9: Semi-Volatile Organic Compound List

| SVOC ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS | METHOD | REPORTING LIMIT (µg/L) |
|--|--------|------------------------|
| 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE | 625 | 5.0 |
| 2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL | 625 | 5.0 |
| 2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL | 625 | 5.0 |
| 2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL | 625 | 5.0 |
| 2,4-DINITROPHENOL | 625 | 20.0 |
| 2,4-DINITROTOLUENE | 625 | 5.0 |
| 2,6-DINITROTOLUENE | 625 | 5.0 |
| 2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE | 625 | 5.0 |
| 2-CHLOROPHENOL | 625 | 5.0 |
| 2-NITROPHENOL | 625 | 5.0 |
| 3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE | 625 | 5.0 |
| 4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL | 625 | 10.0 |
| 4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER | 625 | 5.0 |
| 4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL | 625 | 5.0 |
| 4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHER | 625 | 5.0 |
| 4-NITROPHENOL | 625 | 20.0 |
| ACENAPHTHENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| ACENAPHTHYLENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| ANTHRACENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| BENZIDINE | 625 | 20.0 |
| BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| BENZO(A)PYRENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| BENZYL BUTYL PHTHALATE | 625 | 5.0 |
| BIS(2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHANE | 625 | 5.0 |
| BIS(2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER (2-CHLOROETHYL ETHER) | 625 | 5.0 |
| BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE | 625 | 5.0 |
| CHRYSENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| DIBENZ(A,H)ANTHRACENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| DIETHYL PHTHALATE | 625 | 5.0 |
| DIMETHYL PHTHALATE | 625 | 5.0 |
| DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE | 625 | 5.0 |
| DI-N-OCTYLPHTHALATE | 625 | 5.0 |
| FLUORANTHENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| FLUORENE | 625 | 0.20 |

| SVOC ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS | METHOD | REPORTING LIMIT (µg/L) |
|----------------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| HEXACHLOROBENZENE | 625 | 5.0 |
| HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE | 625 | 5.0 |
| HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE | 625 | 10.0 |
| HEXACHLOROETHANE | 625 | 5.0 |
| INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| ISOPHORONE | 625 | 5.0 |
| NAPHTHALENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| NITROBENZENE | 625 | 5.0 |
| N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE | 625 | 5.0 |
| N-NITROSODI-N-PROPYLAMINE | 625 | 5.0 |
| N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE | 625 | 5.0 |
| PENTACHLOROPHENOL | 625 | 5.00 |
| PHENANTHRENE | 625 | 0.20 |
| PHENOL | 625 | 5.0 |
| PYRENE | 625 | 0.20 |



Table 13-10: Pesticide and PCB List

| Pest/PCB Analytical Parameters | METHOD | REPORTING LIMIT (µg/L) |
|---|--------|------------------------|
| ALDRIN | 608 | 0.025 |
| ALPHA BHC (ALPHA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE) | 608 | 0.025 |
| ALPHA ENDOSULFAN | 608 | 0.025 |
| ALPHA-CHLORDANE | 608 | 0.025 |
| BETA BHC (BETA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE) | 608 | 0.025 |
| BETA ENDOSULFAN | 608 | 0.025 |
| CHLORDANE | 608 | 0.20 |
| DELTA BHC (DELTA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE) | 608 | 0.025 |
| DIELDRIN | 608 | 0.025 |
| ENDOSULFAN SULFATE | 608 | 0.025 |
| ENDRIN | 608 | 0.025 |
| ENDRIN ALDEHYDE | 608 | 0.025 |
| ENDRIN KETONE | 608 | 0.025 |
| GAMMA-CHLORDANE | 608 | 0.025 |
| HEPTACHLOR | 608 | 0.025 |
| HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE | 608 | 0.025 |
| METHOXYCHLOR | 608 | 0.25 |
| P,P'-DDD | 608 | 0.025 |
| P,P'-DDE | 608 | 0.025 |
| P,P'-DDT | 608 | 0.025 |
| PCB-1016 (AROCHLOR 1016) | 608 | 0.80 |
| PCB-1221 (AROCHLOR 1221) | 608 | 0.80 |
| PCB-1232 (AROCHLOR 1232) | 608 | 0.80 |
| PCB-1242 (AROCHLOR 1242) | 608 | 0.80 |
| PCB-1248 (AROCHLOR 1248) | 608 | 0.80 |
| PCB-1254 (AROCHLOR 1254) | 608 | 0.80 |
| PCB-1260 (AROCHLOR 1260) | 608 | 0.80 |
| TOXAPHENE | 608 | 1.0 |

Figure 13-1: Location Plat, Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer

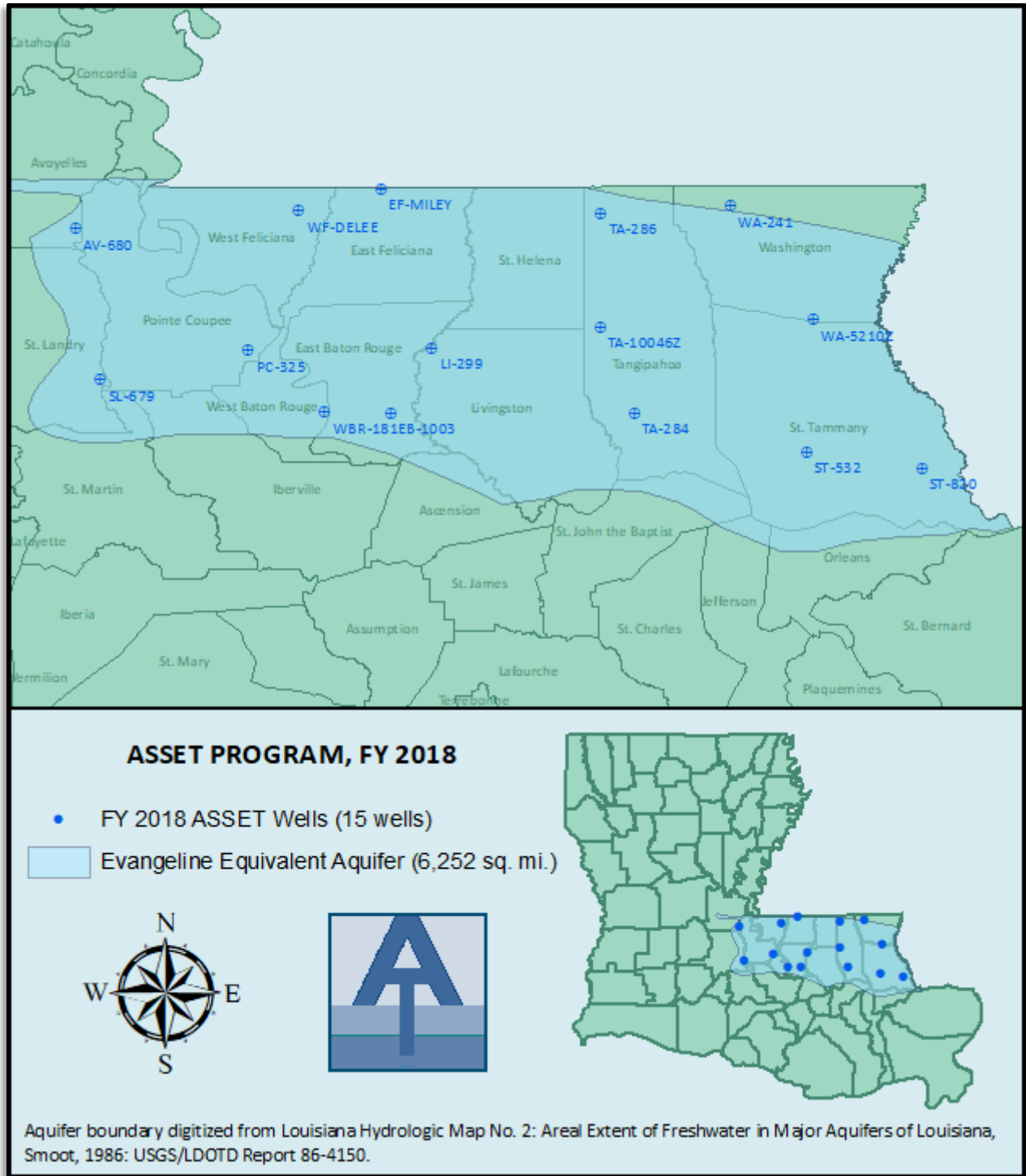


Chart 13-1: Temperature Trend

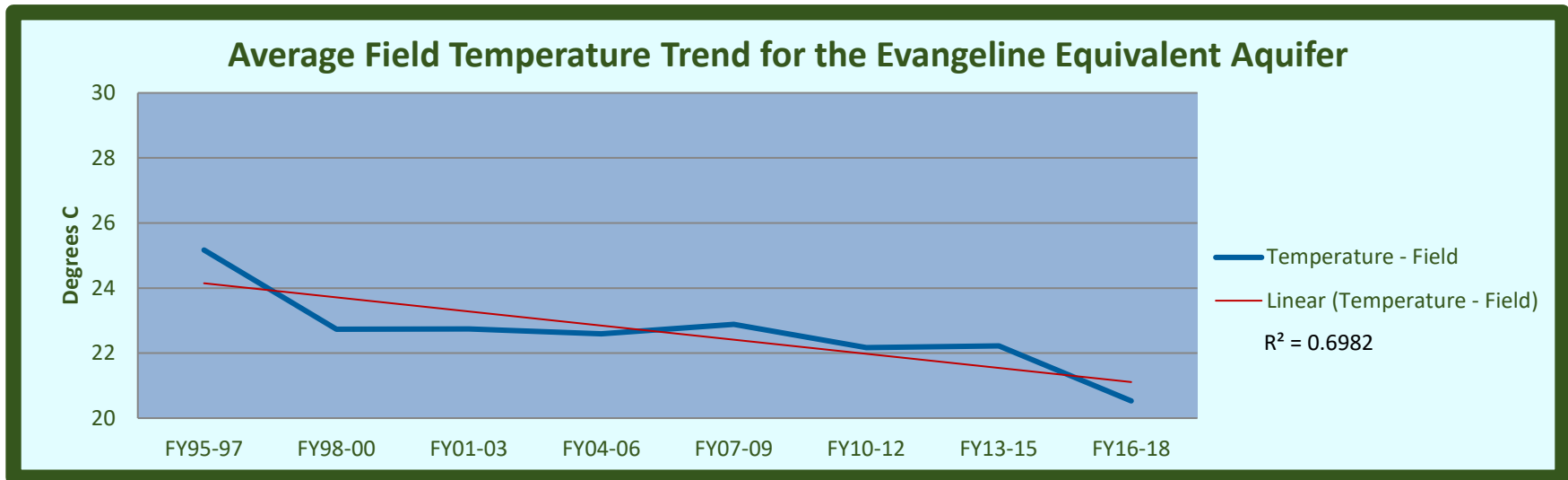


Chart 13-2: pH Trend

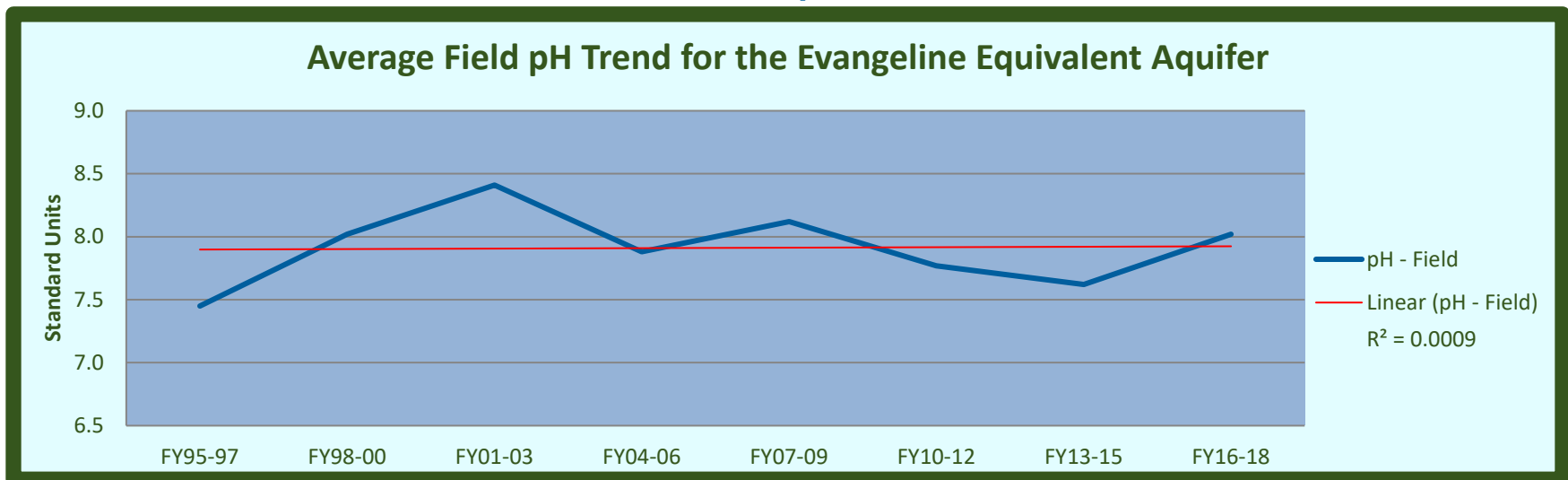


Chart 13-3: Specific Conductance Trend

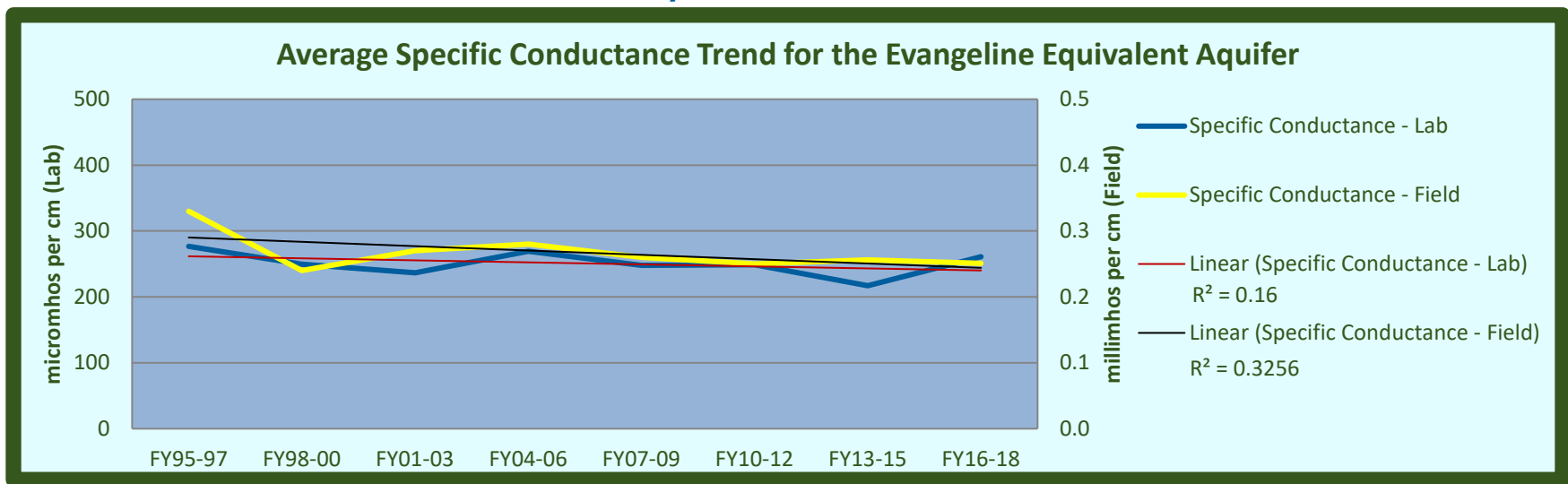


Chart 13-4: Field Salinity Trend

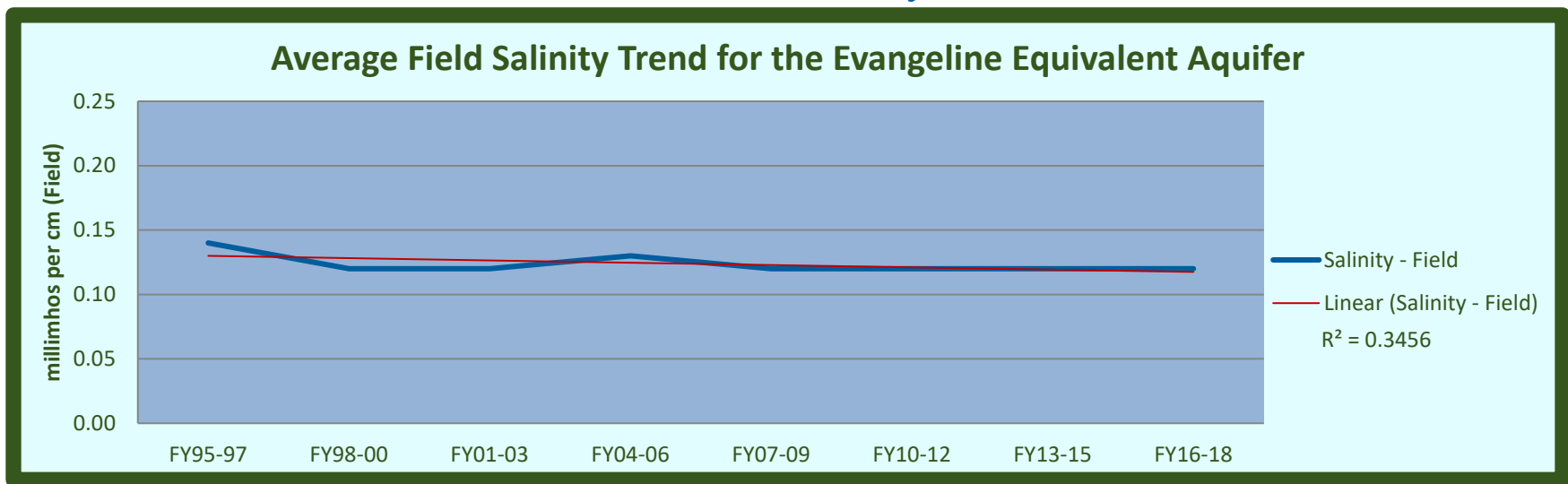


Chart 13-5: Chloride Trend

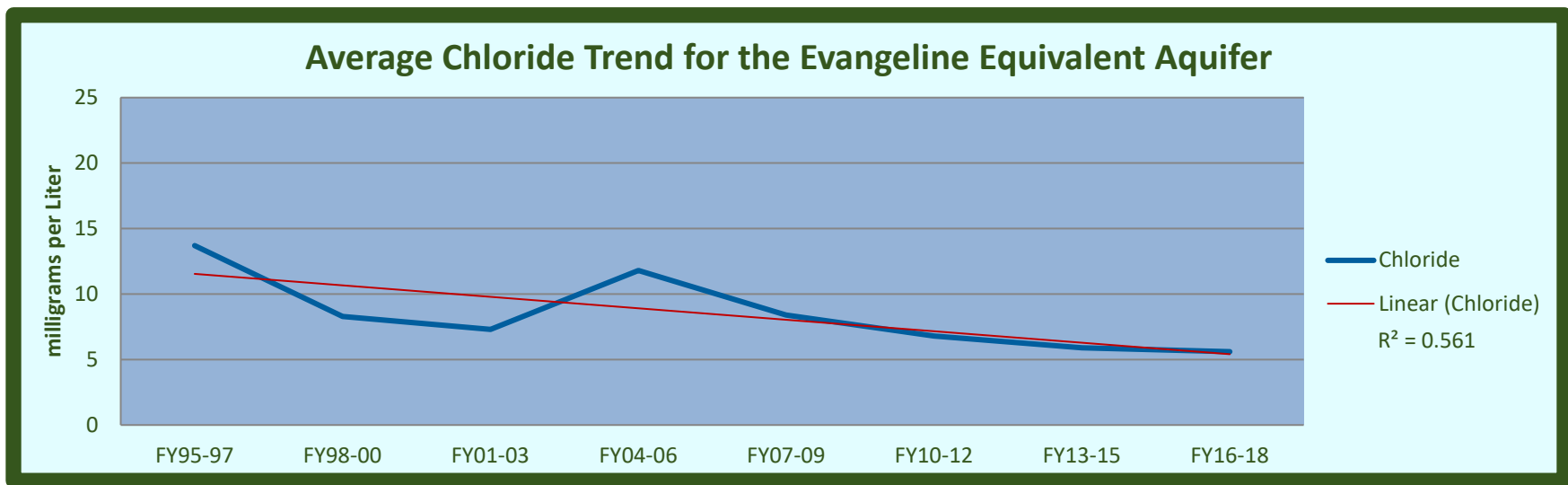


Chart 13-6: Total Dissolved Solids Trend

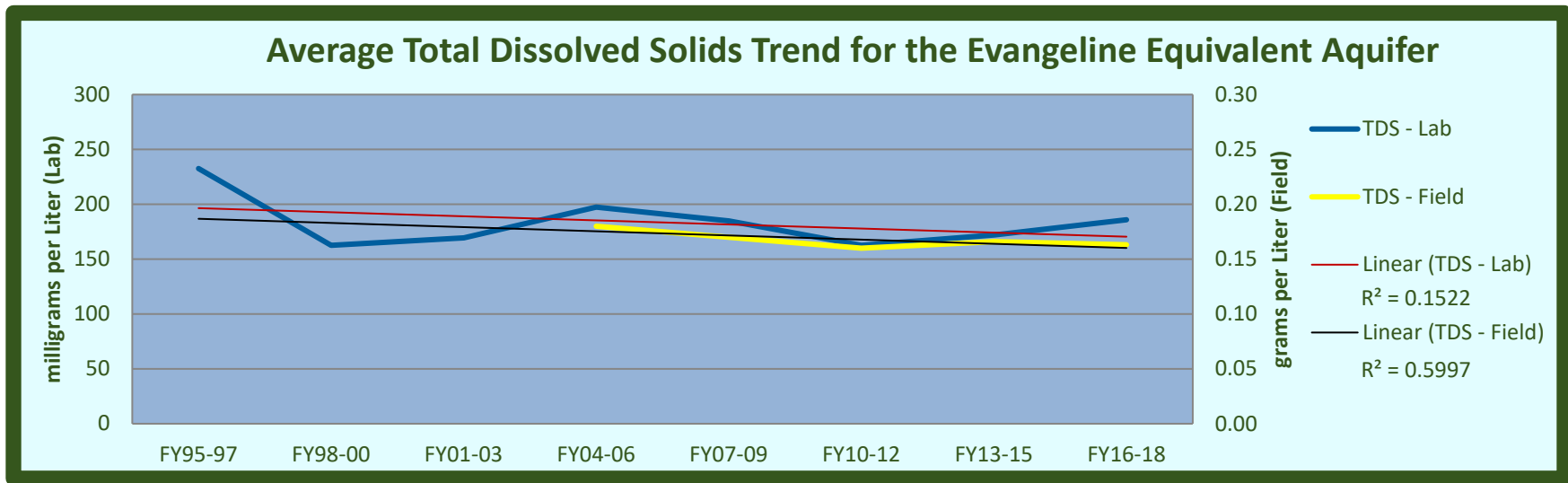


Chart 13-7: Alkalinity Trend

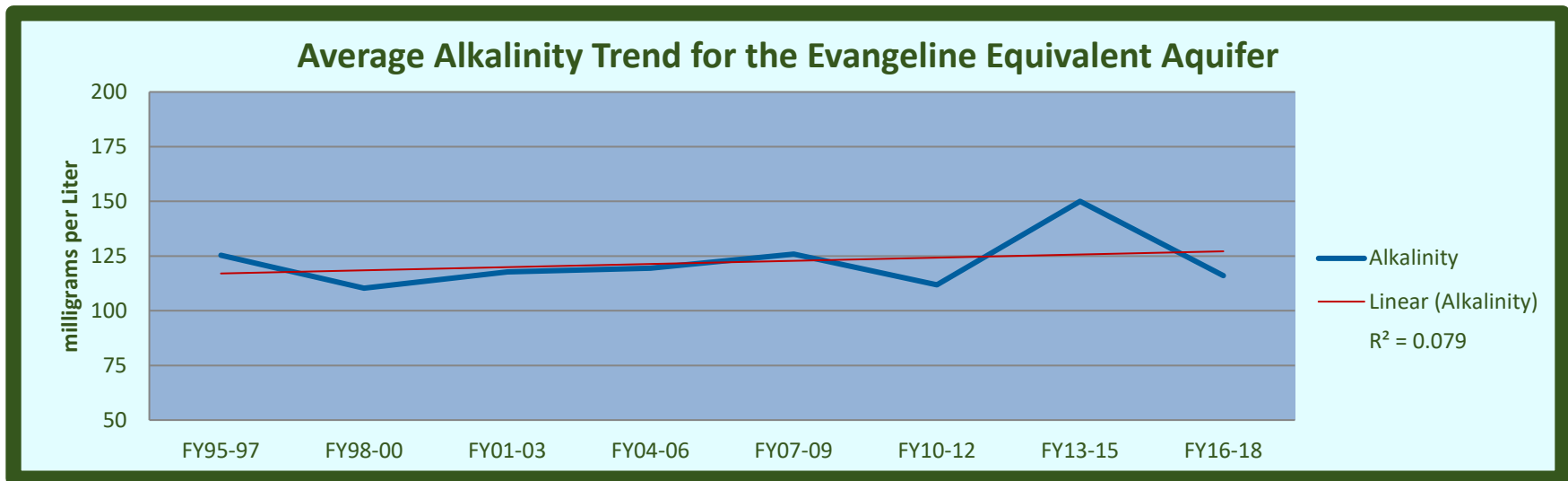


Chart 13-8: Hardness Trend

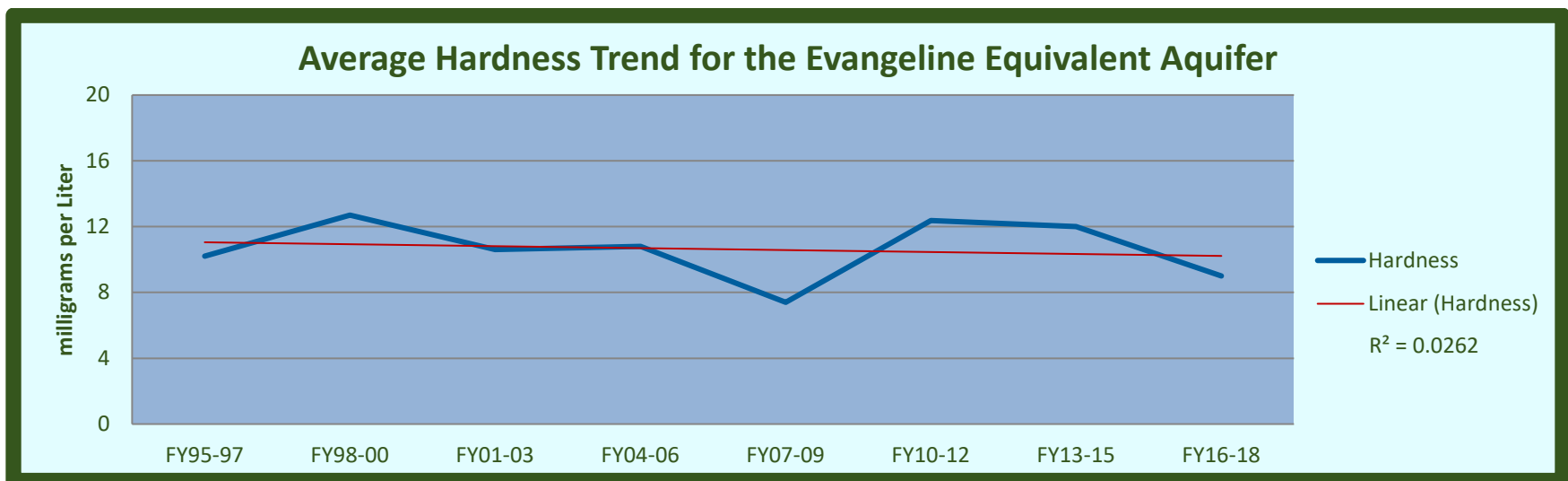


Chart 13-9: Sulfate Trend

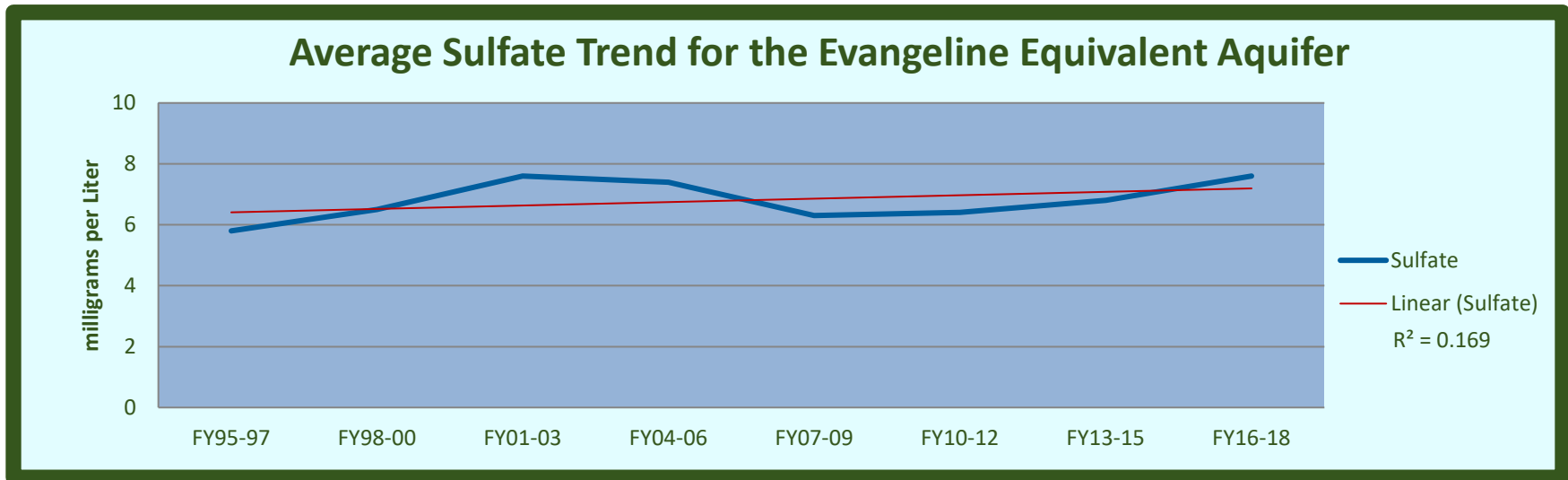


Chart 13-10: Color Trend

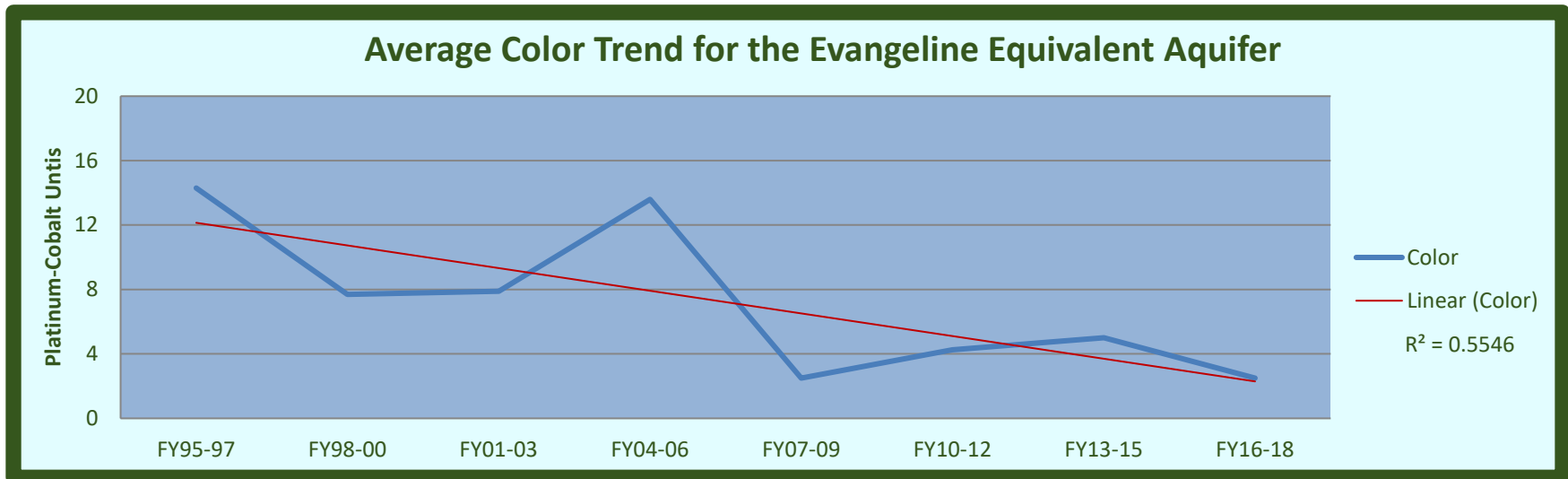


Chart 13-11: Ammonia Trend

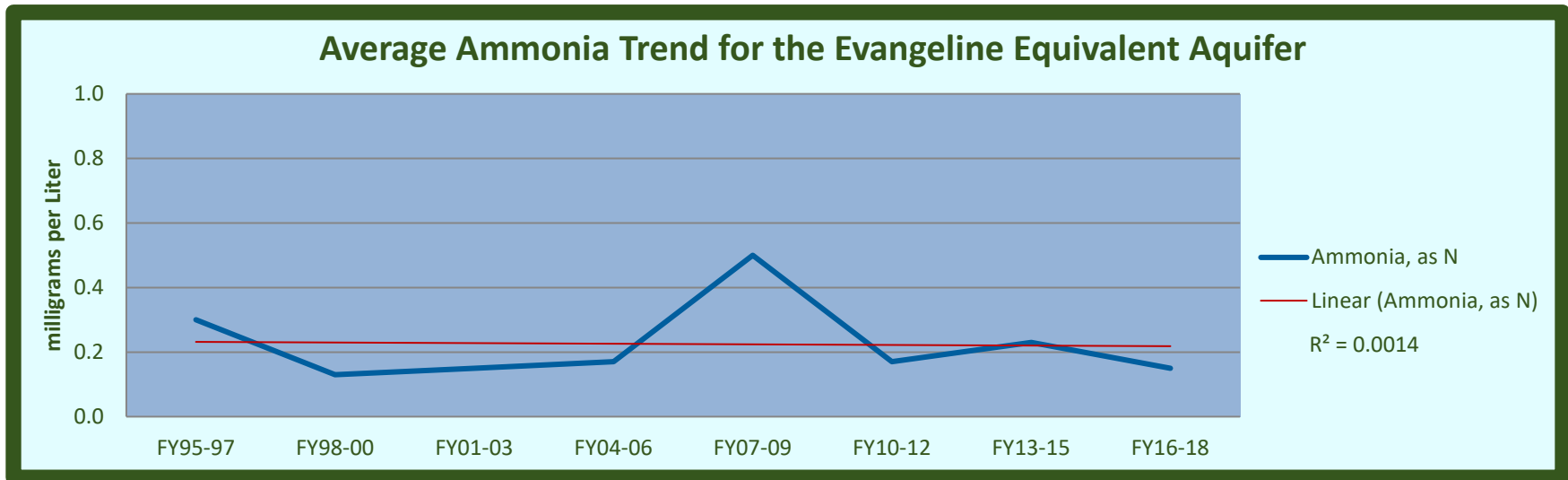


Chart 13-12: Nitrite - Nitrate Trend

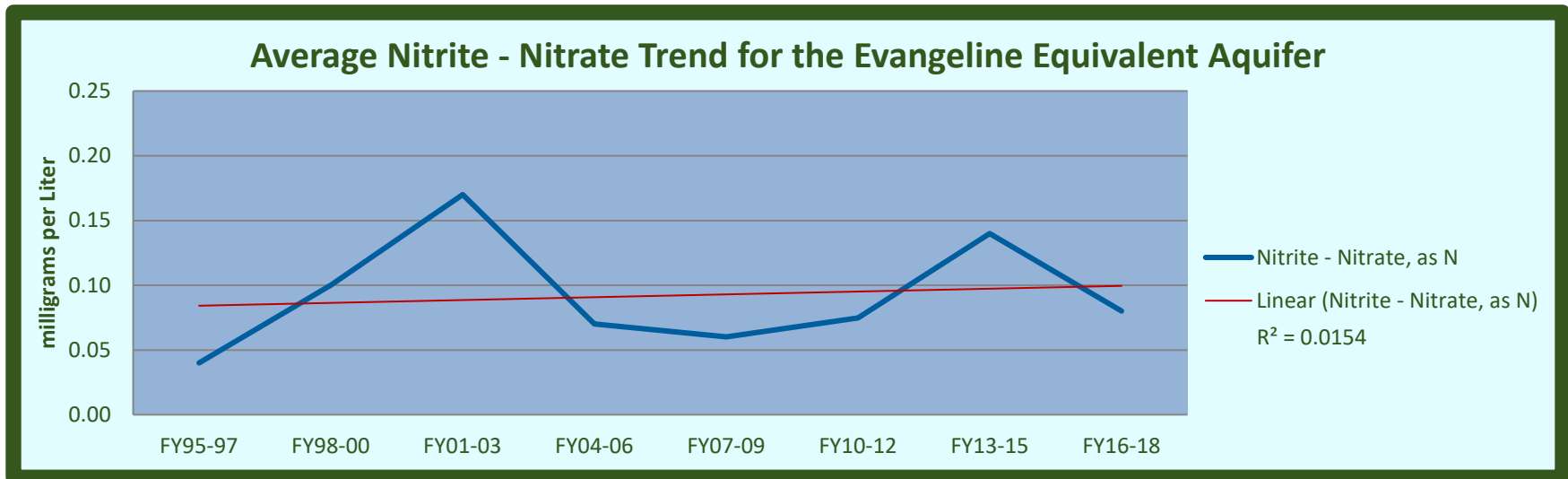


Chart 13-13: Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen Trend

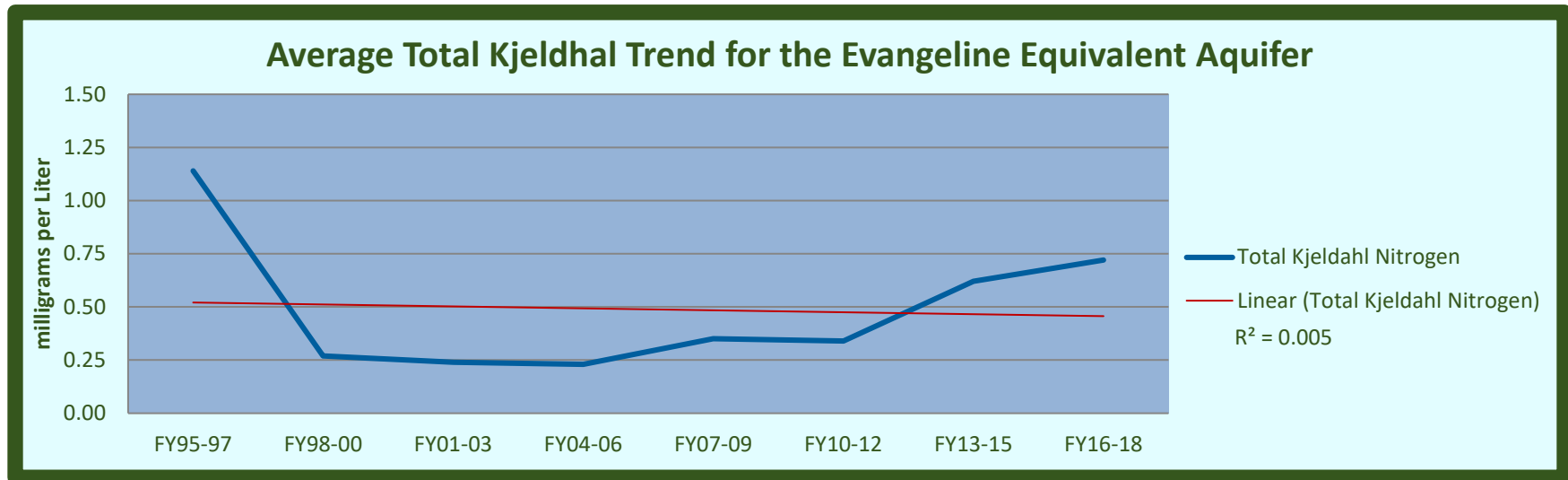


Chart 13-14: Total Phosphorus Trend

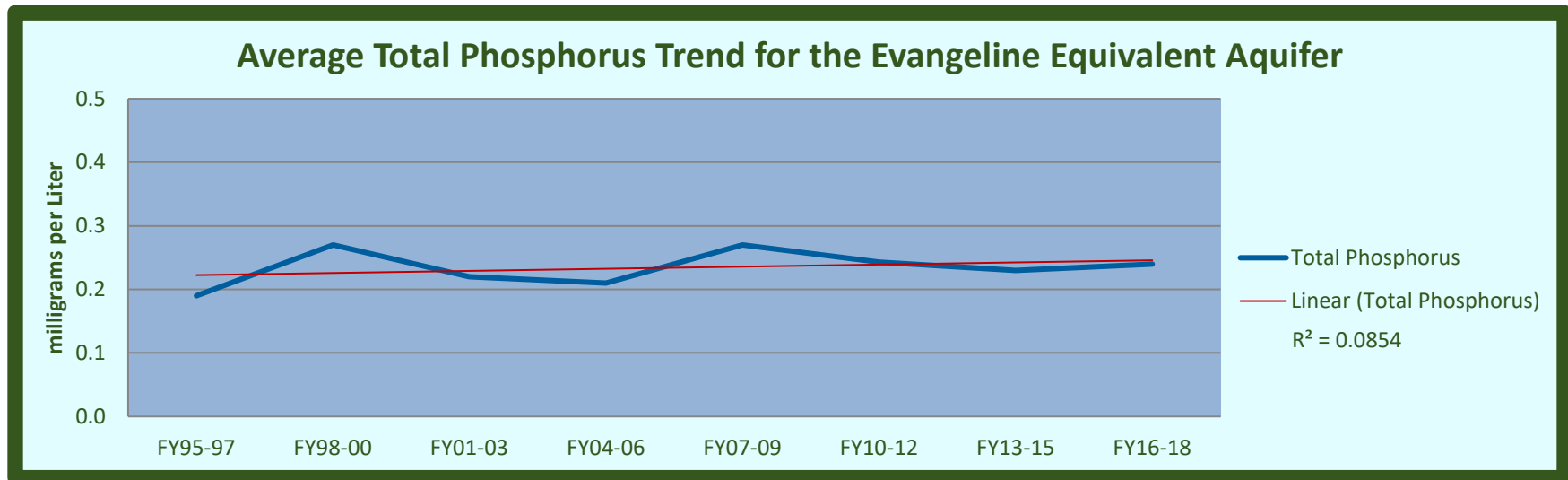


Chart 13-15: Barium Trend

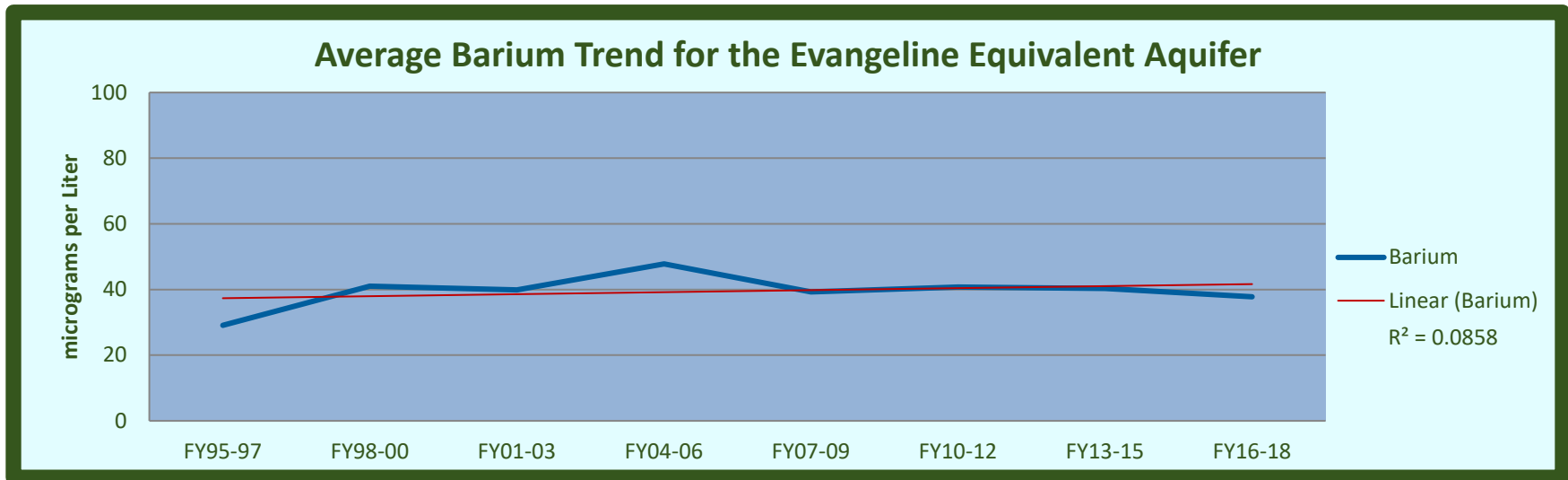


Chart 13-16: Copper Trend

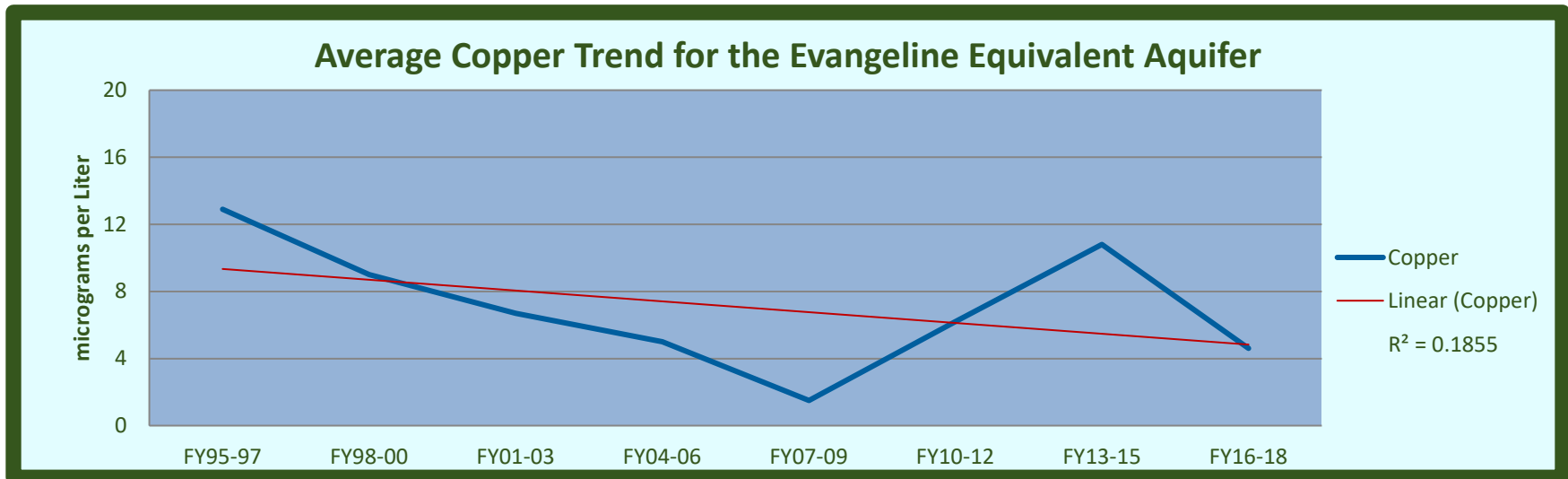


Chart 13-15: Iron Trend

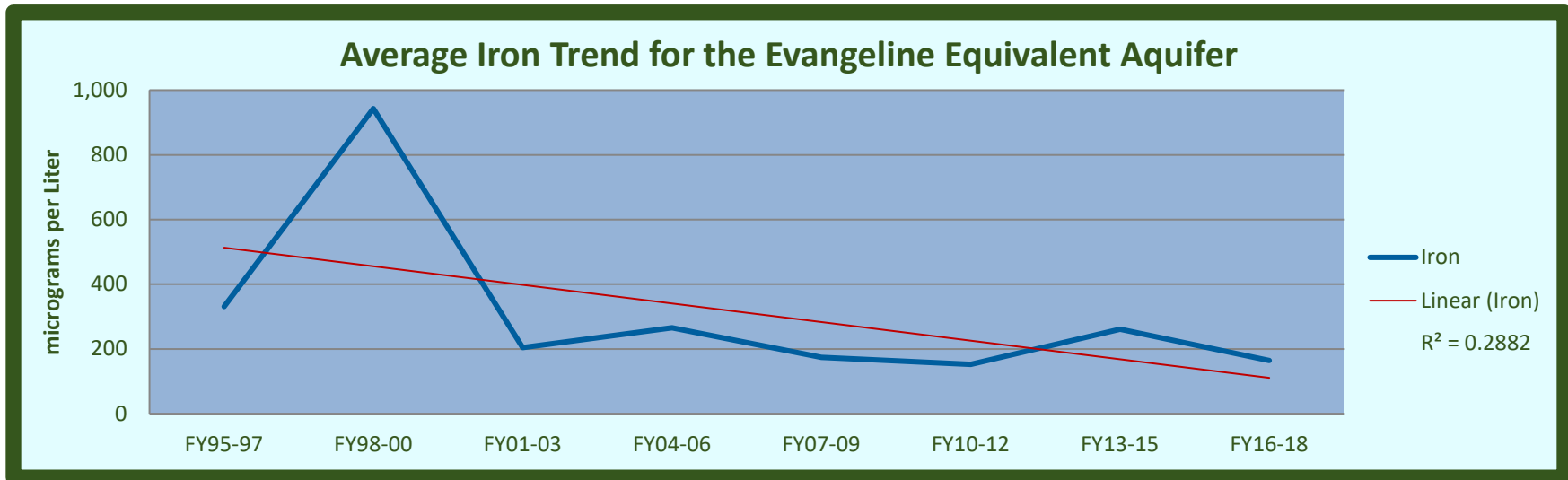


Chart 13-16: Zinc Trend

