

EVANGELINE EQUIVALENT AQUIFER SUMMARY, 2021 AQUIFER SAMPLING AND ASSESSMENT PROGRAM



APPENDIX 13 TO THE 2021 TRIENNIAL SUMMARY REPORT
PARTIAL FUNDING PROVIDED BY THE CWA



Contents

BACKGROUND	4
GEOLOGY	4
HYDROGEOLOGY	5
PROGRAM PARAMETERS	5
INTERPRETATION OF DATA	6
Field and Conventional Parameters.....	6
Inorganic Parameters	7
Volatile Organic Compounds	7
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds.....	7
Pesticides and PCBs	7
WATER QUALITY TRENDS AND COMPARISON TO HISTORICAL ASSET DATA.....	8
SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS	8
Table 13-1: List of Wells Sampled–FY 2021	9
Table 13-2: Summary of Field and Conventional Data–FY 2021	10
Table 13-3: Summary of Inorganic Data–FY 2021	11
Table 13-4: FY 2021 Field and Conventional Statistics, ASSET Wells	12
Table 13-5: FY 2021 Inorganic Statistics, ASSET Wells.....	12
Table 13-6: Triennial Field and Conventional Statistics, ASSET Wells.....	13
Table 13-7: Triennial Inorganic Statistics, ASSET Wells	13
Table 13-8: Volatile Organic Compound List	14
Table 13-9: Semi-Volatile Organic Compound List.....	15
Table 13-10: Pesticide and PCB List.....	17
Figure 13-1: Location Plat, Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer	18
Chart 13-1: Temperature Trend	19
Chart 13-2: pH Trend	20
Chart 13-3: Specific Conductance Trend	21
Chart 13-4: Field Salinity Trend.....	22
Chart 13-5: Chloride Trend	23
Chart 13-6: Total Dissolved Solids Trend.....	24
Chart 13-7: Alkalinity Trend.....	25
Chart 13-8: Hardness Trend.....	26

Chart 13-9: Sulfate Trend.....	27
Chart 13-10: Color Trend	28
Chart 13-11: Ammonia Trend.....	29
Chart 13-12: Nitrite - Nitrate Trend.....	30
Chart 13-13: Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen Trend.....	31
Chart 13-14: Total Phosphorus Trend	32
Chart 13-15: Barium Trend	33
Chart 13-16: Copper Trend	34
Chart 13-15: Iron Trend.....	35
Chart 13-16: Zinc Trend.....	36



BACKGROUND

The Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality's (LDEQ) Aquifer Sampling and Assessment Program (ASSET) is an ambient monitoring program established to determine and monitor the quality of groundwater produced from Louisiana's major freshwater aquifers. The ASSET Program samples approximately 200 water wells located in 14 aquifers across the state. The sampling process is designed so that all 14 aquifers are monitored on a rotating basis, within a three-year period so that each well is monitored every three years.

In order to better assess the water quality of a particular aquifer, an attempt is made to sample all ASSET Program wells producing from it in a narrow time frame. To more conveniently and economically promulgate those data collected, a summary report on each aquifer is prepared separately. Collectively, these aquifer summaries will make up, in part, the ASSET Program's Triennial Summary Report.

Analytical and field data contained in this summary were collected from wells producing from the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer during the 2021 state fiscal year (July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2021). This summary will become Appendix 13 to the ASSET Program Triennial Summary Report for 2021.

These data show that in FY 2021 14 wells were sampled which produce from the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer. Six of the wells are classified as public supply, while four are classified as domestic, three wells are classified as industrial and one is classified as irrigation. The wells are located in 10 parishes in southeast Louisiana.

Figure 13-1 shows the geographic locations of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer and the associated wells, whereas Table 13-1 lists the wells in the aquifer along with their total depths, use made of produced waters and date sampled.

Well data, including well location, aquifer assignment, and well use classification for registered water wells were obtained from the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources' water well registration data file.

GEOLOGY

The Evangeline Equivalent aquifer is composed of the Pliocene aged aquifers of the Baton Rouge area and St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, and Washington Parishes. These Pliocene sediments outcrop in southwestern Mississippi. The sedimentary sequences that make up the aquifer system are subdivided into several aquifer units separated by confining beds.

Northward within southeast Louisiana, fewer units are recognized because some younger units pinch out updip and some clay layers present to the south disappear. Where clay layers are discontinuous or disappear, aquifer units coalesce. The aquifers consist of moderately to well sorted, fine to medium grained sands, with interbedded coarse sand, silt, and clay.

HYDROGEOLOGY

The deposits that constitute the individual aquifers are not readily differentiated at the surface and act as one hydraulic system that can be subdivided into several hydrologic zones in the subsurface. A zone or ridge of saline water occurs within the Pliocene sediments beneath the Mississippi River alluvial valley. Recharge occurs primarily by the direct infiltration of rainfall in interstream, upland outcrop areas, and by the movement of water between aquifers.

The hydraulic conductivity varies between 10-200 feet/day. The maximum depths of occurrence of freshwater in the Evangeline Equivalent range from zero to 2,500 feet below sea level. The range of thickness of the fresh water interval in the Evangeline Equivalent is 50 to 1,500 feet. The depths of the Evangeline Equivalent wells that were monitored in conjunction with the ASSET Program range from 185 to 1900 feet below ground surface.

PROGRAM PARAMETERS

The field parameters checked at each ASSET well sampling site and the list of conventional parameters analyzed in the laboratory are shown in Table 13-2. The inorganic parameters analyzed in the laboratory are listed in Table 13-3. These tables also show the field and analytical results determined for each analyte.

In addition to the field, conventional and inorganic analytical parameters, the target analyte list includes three other categories of compounds: volatiles, semi-volatiles, and pesticides/PCBs. Due to the large number of analytes in these categories, tables were not prepared showing the analytical results for these compounds. A discussion of any detections from any of these three categories, if necessary, can be found in their respective sections. Tables 13-8, 13-9 and 13-10 list the target analytes for volatiles, semi-volatiles and pesticides/PCBs, respectively.

Tables 13-4 and 13-5 provide a statistical overview of field and conventional data, and inorganic data for the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, listing the minimum, maximum, and average results for these parameters collected in the FY 2021 sampling. Tables 13-6 and 13-7 compare these same parameter averages to historical ASSET-derived data for the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, from previous fiscal years.

The average values listed in the above referenced tables are determined using all valid, reported results, including those reported as non-detect, or less than the detection limit (< DL). The average values listed in the above referenced tables are determined using all valid, reported results, including those reported as non-detect, or less than the detection limit (< DL). The method used to generate the descriptive statistics varies, depending on the dataset and the proportion of values that are <DL. When estimating a dataset with more than 50 observations, the Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE) method is used. This is used to describe Upper and Lower confidence intervals or historical descriptive statistics. For datasets of less than 50 observations, the Kapan-Meier method is used. This is used to calculate descriptive statistics of a single sampling round. If all values for a particular analyte are reported as < DL, then the minimum, maximum, and average values are all reported as < DL.

Charts 13-1 through 13-16 represent the trend of the graphed parameter, based on the averaged value of that parameter for each three-year reporting period. Discussion of historical data and related trends is found in the **Water Quality Trends and Comparison to Historical ASSET Data** section.

INTERPRETATION OF DATA

Under the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act, EPA has established maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) for pollutants that may pose a health risk in public drinking water. An MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that EPA allows in public drinking water. MCLs ensure that drinking water does not pose either a short-term or long-term health risk. While not all wells sampled were public supply wells, the ASSET Program uses the MCLs as a benchmark for further evaluation.

EPA has set secondary standards, which are defined as non-enforceable taste, odor, or appearance guidelines. Field and laboratory data contained in Tables 13-2 and 13-3 show that 14 secondary MCLs (SMCL) were exceeded in 13 of the wells sampled in the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer.

Field and Conventional Parameters

Table 13-2 shows the field and conventional parameters for which samples are collected at each well and the analytical results for those parameters. Table 13-4 provides an overview of this data for the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, listing the minimum, maximum, and average results for these parameters.

Federal Primary Drinking Water Standards: A review of the analysis listed in Table 13-2 shows that no MCL was exceeded for field or conventional parameters for this reporting period. Any ASSET well reporting turbidity levels greater than 1.0 NTU does not exceed the MCL of 1.0, as this standard applies to public supply water wells that are under the direct influence of surface water. The Louisiana Department of Health has determined that no public water supply well in Louisiana was in this category.

Federal Secondary Drinking Water Standards: A review of the analysis listed in Table 13-2 shows that 13 wells exceeded the SMCL for pH. Laboratory results take precedence over field results in total dissolved solids (TDS) exceedance determinations, thus only laboratory results are counted in determining SMCL exceedance numbers for TDS. Following is a list of SMCL exceedances with well number and results:

pH (SMCL = 6.5 – 8.5 Standard Units):

AV-680	8.56 SU	TA-10046Z	6.33 SU
EB-1003	8.69 SU	TA-284	8.71 SU
EF-MILEY	5.80 SU	TA-286	6.26 SU
PC-325	8.55 SU	WA-241	5.71 SU
SL-679	9.01 SU	WA-5210Z	6.98 SU
ST-532	9.13 SU	WBR-181	8.99 SU
ST-6711Z	9.03 SU		

Inorganic Parameters

Table 13-3 shows the inorganic (total metals) parameters for which samples are collected at each well and the analytical results for those parameters. Table 13-5 provides an overview of inorganic data for the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, listing the minimum, maximum, and average results for these parameters.

Federal Primary Drinking Water Standards: A review of the analyses listed on Table 13-3 shows that no MCL was exceeded for total metals.

Federal Secondary Drinking Water Standards: Laboratory data contained in Table 13-3 shows that one well exceeded the SMCL for iron:

Iron (SMCL = 300 µg/L):

WA-241 615 µg/L

Volatile Organic Compounds

Table 13-8 shows the volatile organic compound (VOC) parameters for which samples are collected at each well. Due to the number of analytes in this category, analytical results are not tabulated; however, any detection of a VOC would be discussed in this section.

There was no confirmed VOC detection at or above its detection limit during the FY 2021 sampling of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer.

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

Table 13-9 shows the semi-volatile organic compound (SVOC) parameters for which samples are collected at each well. Due to the number of analytes in this category, analytical results are not tabulated; however any detection of a SVOC would be discussed in this section.

There was no confirmed SVOC detection at or above its detection limit during the FY 2021 sampling of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer.

Pesticides and PCBs

Table 13-10 shows the pesticide and PCB parameters for which samples are collected at each well. Due to the number of analytes in this category, analytical results are not tabulated; however any detection of a pesticide or PCB would be discussed in this section.

There was no confirmed Pesticide or PCB detection at or above its detection limit during the FY 2021 sampling of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer.

WATER QUALITY TRENDS AND COMPARISON TO HISTORICAL ASSET DATA

Analytical and field data show that the quality and characteristics of groundwater produced from the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer exhibit some changes when comparing current data to that of the eight previous sampling rotations. These comparisons can be found in Tables 13-6 and 13-7, and in Charts 13-1 to 13-18 of this summary. Increasing or decreasing trend statements made here are based on an R-square value of 0.03 or greater and a p-value of < 0.05.

Over the 24-year period two analytes, specific conductance and hardness, have shown a general increase in average concentration. For this same period, three analytes have demonstrated a decrease in average concentration, they are: temperature, total dissolved solids, and color. The remaining analytes were non-detect or have been consistent with only minor fluctuations over this period.

The number of secondary exceedances in the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer has increased from the FY 2018 sampling. FY 2018 there were 10 exceedances in eight wells, the FY 2021 sampling period showed 14 exceedances in 13 wells.

SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

In summary, the data show that the groundwater produced from this aquifer is soft¹ and is of good quality when considering short-term or long-term health risk guidelines. Laboratory data show that no ASSET well that was sampled during the Fiscal Year 2021 monitoring of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer exceeded an MCL. The data also show that this aquifer is of good quality when considering taste, odor, or appearance guidelines, with 14 SMCL exceedances in 13 wells.

Comparison to historical ASSET-derived data shows only slight change in the quality or characteristics of the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer, with two parameters showing consistent increases in concentration and three decreasing in concentration over the previous 24 years.

It is recommended that the wells assigned to the Evangeline Equivalent aquifer be re-sampled as planned, in approximately three years. In addition, several wells should be added to the 15 currently in place to increase the well density for this aquifer.

¹ Classification based on hardness scale from: Peavy, H. S. et al. *Environmental Engineering*. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1985.

**Table 13-1: List of Wells Sampled–FY 2021
Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer System**

Well ID	Parish	Date	Owner	Depth (Feet)	Well Use
AV-680	Avoyelles	08/19/2020	Avoyelles Water Commission	553	Public Supply
EB-1003	East Baton Rouge	11/17/2020	Baton Rouge Water Works	1,430	Public Supply
EF-MILEY	East Feliciana	09/09/2020	Private Owner	185	Domestic
PC-325	Pointe Coupee	08/19/2020	Alma Plantation LTD	1,252	Industrial
SL-679	St. Landry	08/19/2020	Alon USA	1,152	Industrial
ST-532	St. Tammany	03/22/2021	Northlake Hospital	1,520	Public Supply
ST-6711Z	St. Tammany	03/30/2021	Private Owner	860	Domestic
TA-284	Tangipahoa	11/18/2021	City of Ponchatoula	608	Public Supply
TA-286	Tangipahoa	10/21/2020	Town of Kentwood	640	Public Supply
TA-10046Z	Tangipahoa	10/21/2020	Highway 51 MHP	590	Public Supply
WA-241	Washington	03/08/2021	Private Owner	400	Irrigation
WA-5210Z	Washington	03/09/2021	Private Owner	752	Domestic
WBR-181	West Baton Rouge	11/17/2020	Port of Greater Baton Rouge	1,900	Industrial
WF-DELEE	West Feliciana	09/09/2020	Private Owner	240	Domestic

**Table 13-2: Summary of Field and Conventional Data—FY 2021
Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer System**

Well ID	pH	Sal.	Sp. Cond.	Temp	TDS	Alk	Cl	Color	Hard.	Nitrite-Nitrate	NH3	Tot. P	Sp. Cond.	SO4	TDS	TKN	TSS	Turb.
	SU	ppt	umhos/cm	Deg. C	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	PCU	mg/L	(as N) mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	umhos/cm	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
	LABORATORY REPORTING LIMITS →					2	1	5	5	0.05	0.1	0.05	1	1	10	0.1	4	0.1
FIELD PARAMETERS					LABORATORY PARAMETERS													
AV-680	8.56	0.21	430.00	23.83	279.50	171	16.10	< DL	12	< DL	0.28	0.16	474	5.40	105	0.45	< DL	1.00
EB-1003	8.69	0.14	290.99	25.22	189.14	83.90	3.30	< DL	24	< DL	0.24	0.27	371	8.80	260	0.54	< DL	0.36
EF-MILEY	5.80	0.02	52.18	21.24	33.91	26.20	2.90	< DL	10	< DL	< DL	< DL	67.20	< DL	25	0.11	< DL	0.23
PC-325	8.55	0.14	289.09	25.41	187.91	123	2.70	< DL	< DL	< DL	0.16	0.33	323	9.30	115	0.49	< DL	0.47
SL-679	9.01	0.18	380.63	26.81	247.41	159	6	< DL	< DL	< DL	0.17	0.30	420	10.80	170	0.21	< DL	0.46
ST-532	9.13	0.15	319.37	26.59	207.59	144	3.10	10	10	< DL	< DL	0.39	335	11.50	210	0.89	< DL	0.29
ST-6711Z	9.03	0.29	598.67	21.42	389.14	290	16.20	10	10	< DL	0.21	0.45	835	3.40	370	0.55	< DL	0.23
TA-10046Z	6.33	0.04	90.98	23.80	59.14	28	3.60	< DL	22	< DL	< DL	0.05	101	1.70	75	0.50	< DL	0.45
TA-284	8.71	0.13	280.04	22.55	182.03	124	2.90	10	88	< DL	0.16	0.36	308	9.90	200	0.38	< DL	0.42
TA-286	6.26	0.03	58.82	23.46	38.23	18	2.50	< DL	14	< DL	< DL	< DL	67.30	3.90	70	0.66	< DL	0.42
WA-241	5.71	0.02	41.21	17.48	26.78	6	3.50	< DL	8	0.43	< DL	< DL	39.10	< DL	45	0.46	< DL	1.50
WA-5210Z	6.98	0.07	149.73	21.48	97.33	52.40	2.90	10	42	< DL	0.26	0.25	147	9.00	150	0.32	< DL	0.15
WBR-181	8.99	0.14	305.32	25.72	198.46	85.90	2.40	< DL	124	< DL	0.25	0.29	380	8.50	280	0.46	< DL	0.29
WF-DELEE	7.60	0.07	143.00	25.32	92.95	128	9.70	< DL	14	< DL	0.68	0.81	393	9.00	80	0.52	< DL	1.60

Shaded cells exceed EPA Secondary Standards



**Table 13-3: Summary of Inorganic Data–FY 2021
Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer System**

Well ID	Antimony µg/L	Arsenic µg/L	Barium µg/L	Beryllium µg/L	Cadmium µg/L	Chromium µg/L	Copper µg/L	Iron µg/L	Lead µg/L	Mercury µg/L	Nickel µg/L	Selenium µg/L	Silver µg/L	Thallium µg/L	Zinc µg/L
Laboratory Reporting Limits	1	1	1	0.5	1	1	3	50	1	0.2	1	1	0.5	0.5	5
AV-680	< DL	< DL	76.90	< DL	< DL	< DL	2.70	23.70	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL
EB-1003	< DL	< DL	16.30	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL
EF-MILEY	< DL	< DL	84.70	< DL	< DL	0.96	23.70	< DL	1.20	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	20.10
PC-325	< DL	< DL	6.20	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	27.30	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL
SL-679	< DL	< DL	14.80	< DL	< DL	0.60	< DL	70.60	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL
ST-532	< DL	< DL	6.40	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	5.80
ST-6711Z	< DL	< DL	11.80	1.10	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	1.40	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL
TA-10046Z	< DL	0.59	71.80	< DL	< DL	1.20	2.40	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	5.10
TA-284	< DL	< DL	16.50	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL
TA-286	< DL	3.4	67.00	< DL	< DL	0.87	13.40	53	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	9.90
WA-241	< DL	< DL	27.70	< DL	< DL	< DL	25.60	615	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	9.50
WA-5210Z	< DL	< DL	62.20	< DL	< DL	2.40	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL
WBR-181	< DL	< DL	1.80	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	6.80
WF-DELEE	< DL	< DL	55.80	< DL	< DL	< DL	6.90	70.90	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	3.10

Shaded cells exceed EPA Secondary Standards

Table 13-4: FY 2021 Field and Conventional Statistics, ASSET Wells

	PARAMETER	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	AVERAGE
FIELD	pH (SU)	5.71	9.09	7.90
	Salinity (ppt)	0.02	0.29	0.13
	Specific Conductance (µmhos/cm)	41.21	598.67	267.86
	Temperature (°C)	17.48	26.81	23.58
	TDS (g/L)	26.78	389.14	174.11
LABORATORY	Alkalinity (mg/L)	6.00	290.00	112.89
	Chloride (mg/L)	2.40	17.60	6.36
	Color (PCU)	< DL	10	< DL
	Hardness (mg/L)	< DL	124	26.53
	Nitrite - Nitrate, as N (mg/L)	< DL	0.43	< DL
	Ammonia, as N (mg/L)	< DL	0.68	0.20
	Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	< DL	0.81	0.28
	Specific Conductance (µmhos/cm)	39.10	835	335.17
	Sulfate (mg/L)	< DL	11.50	6.65
	TDS (mg/L)	25	370	164.67
	TKN (mg/L)	0.11	0.89	0.46
	TSS (mg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Turbidity (NTU)	0.15	1.60	0.57

Table 13-5: FY 2021 Inorganic Statistics, ASSET Wells

	PARAMETER	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	AVERAGE
	Antimony (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Arsenic (µg/L)	< DL	0.59	< DL
	Barium (µg/L)	1.80	84.70	35.23
	Beryllium (µg/L)	< DL	1.10	< DL
	Cadmium (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Chromium (µg/L)	< DL	2.40	0.94
	Copper (µg/L)	< DL	25.60	6.51
	Iron (µg/L)	< DL	615	70.83
	Lead (µg/L)	< DL	1.60	0.65
	Mercury (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Nickel (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Selenium (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Silver (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Thallium (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Zinc (µg/L)	< DL	20.10	5.67

Table 13-6: Triennial Field and Conventional Statistics, ASSET Wells

PARAMETER		AVERAGE VALUES BY FISCAL YEAR								
		FY 1997	FY 2000	FY 2003	FY 2006	FY 2009	FY 2012	FY 2015	FY 2018	FY 2021
FIELD	pH (SU)	7.45	8.02	8.41	7.88	8.12	7.77	7.62	8.02	7.90
	Salinity (ppt)	0.14	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.13
	Specific Conductance (mmhos/cm)	0.330	0.240	0.270	0.280	0.260	0.250	0.256	0.251	267.86
	Temperature (OC)	25.17	22.73	22.74	22.59	22.88	22.17	22.22	20.53	23.58
	Total Dissolved Solids (g/L)	-	-	-	0.180	0.170	0.160	0.166	0.163	174.11
LABORATORY	Alkalinity (mg/L)	125	110	118	120	126	112	150	116	112.89
	Chloride (mg/L)	13.7	8.3	7.3	11.8	8.4	6.8	5.9	5.6	6.36
	Color (PCU)	14	8	8	14	< DL	< DL	5	< DL	< DL
	Hardness (mg/L)	10	13	11	11	7	12	12	9	26.53
	Nitrite - Nitrate, as N (mg/L)	0.04	0.10	0.17	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.14	0.08	< DL
	Ammonia, as N (mg/L)	0.30	0.13	0.15	0.17	< DL	0.17	0.23	0.15	0.20
	Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	0.19	0.27	0.22	0.21	0.27	0.24	0.23	0.24	0.28
	Specific Conductance (µmhos/cm)	277	250	237	269	248	249	217	261	335.17
	Sulfate (mg/L)	5.8	6.5	7.6	7.4	6.3	6.4	6.8	7.6	6.65
	Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	233	163	170	198	185	163	172	186	164.67
	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)	1.14	0.27	0.24	0.23	0.35	< DL	0.62	0.72	0.46
	Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	< DL	4.7	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL
	Turbidity (NTU)	1.6	2.0	1.3	< DL	< DL	0.2	0.8	0.6	0.57

Table 13-7: Triennial Inorganic Statistics, ASSET Wells

PARAMETER		AVERAGE VALUES BY FISCAL YEAR								
		FY 1997	FY 2000	FY 2003	FY 2006	FY 2009	FY 2012	FY 2015	FY 2018	FY 2021
Antimony (µg/L)	11.5	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	
Arsenic (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	
Barium (µg/L)	29.1	41.0	39.9	47.8	39.3	40.8	40.3	37.8	35.23	
Beryllium (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	
Cadmium (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	
Chromium (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	2.3	0.94	
Copper (µg/L)	12.9	9.0	6.7	< DL	< DL	6.2	10.8	4.6	6.51	
Iron (µg/L)	331	943	204	265	174	152	261	164	70.83	
Lead (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	1.0	< DL	0.65	
Mercury (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	
Nickel (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	1.40	2.1	< DL	
Selenium (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	
Silver (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	
Thallium (µg/L)	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	< DL	
Zinc (µg/L)	141.6	178.0	11.8	< DL	< DL	6.0	21.0	21.8	5.67	

Table 13-8: Volatile Organic Compound List

VOC ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS	METHOD	REPORTING LIMIT (µg/L)
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	624	0.50
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	624	0.50
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	624	0.50
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	624	0.50
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	624	0.50
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	624	0.50
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	624	0.50
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	624	0.50
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	624	0.50
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	624	0.50
BENZENE	624	0.50
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	624	0.50
BROMOFORM	624	0.50
BROMOMETHANE	624	1.0
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	624	0.50
CHLOROBENZENE	624	0.50
CHLOROETHANE	624	0.50
CHLOROFORM	624	0.50
CHLOROMETHANE	624	1.0
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	624	1.0
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	624	0.50
ETHYL BENZENE	624	0.50
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	624	1.0
O-XYLENE (1,2-DIMETHYLBENZENE)	624	0.50
STYRENE	624	0.50
TERT-BUTYL METHYL ETHER	624	0.50
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE (PCE)	624	0.50
TOLUENE	624	0.50
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	624	0.50
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	624	0.50
TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)	624	0.50
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE (FREON-11)	624	0.50
VINYL CHLORIDE	624	0.50
XYLENES, M & P	624	1.0

Table 13-9: Semi-Volatile Organic Compound List

SVOC ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS	METHOD	REPORTING LIMIT (µg/L)
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	625	5.0
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	625	5.0
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	625	5.0
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	625	5.0
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	625	20.0
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	625	5.0
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	625	5.0
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	625	5.0
2-CHLOROPHENOL	625	5.0
2-NITROPHENOL	625	5.0
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	625	5.0
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	625	10.0
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	625	5.0
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	625	5.0
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	625	5.0
4-NITROPHENOL	625	20.0
ACENAPHTHENE	625	0.20
ACENAPHTHYLENE	625	0.20
ANTHRACENE	625	0.20
BENZIDINE	625	20.0
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	625	0.20
BENZO(A)PYRENE	625	0.20
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	625	0.20
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	625	0.20
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	625	0.20
BENZYL BUTYL PHTHALATE	625	5.0
BIS(2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHANE	625	5.0
BIS(2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER (2-CHLOROETHYL ETHER)	625	5.0
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	625	5.0
CHRYSENE	625	0.20
DIBENZ(A,H)ANTHRACENE	625	0.20
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	625	5.0
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	625	5.0
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	625	5.0
DI-N-OCTYLPHTHALATE	625	5.0
FLUORANTHENE	625	0.20
FLUORENE	625	0.20

SVOC ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS	METHOD	REPORTING LIMIT (µg/L)
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	625	5.0
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	625	5.0
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	625	10.0
HEXACHLOROETHANE	625	5.0
INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE	625	0.20
ISOPHORONE	625	5.0
NAPHTHALENE	625	0.20
NITROBENZENE	625	5.0
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	625	5.0
N-NITROSODI-N-PROPYLAMINE	625	5.0
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	625	5.0
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	625	5.00
PHENANTHRENE	625	0.20
PHENOL	625	5.0
PYRENE	625	0.20

Table 13-10: Pesticide and PCB List

Pest/PCB Analytical Parameters	METHOD	REPORTING LIMIT (µg/L)
ALDRIN	608	0.025
ALPHA BHC (ALPHA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	608	0.025
ALPHA ENDOSULFAN	608	0.025
ALPHA-CHLORDANE	608	0.025
BETA BHC (BETA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	608	0.025
BETA ENDOSULFAN	608	0.025
CHLORDANE	608	0.20
DELTA BHC (DELTA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE)	608	0.025
DIELDRIN	608	0.025
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	608	0.025
ENDRIN	608	0.025
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	608	0.025
ENDRIN KETONE	608	0.025
GAMMA-CHLORDANE	608	0.025
HEPTACHLOR	608	0.025
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	608	0.025
METHOXYCHLOR	608	0.25
P,P'-DDD	608	0.025
P,P'-DDE	608	0.025
P,P'-DDT	608	0.025
PCB-1016 (AROCHLOR 1016)	608	0.80
PCB-1221 (AROCHLOR 1221)	608	0.80
PCB-1232 (AROCHLOR 1232)	608	0.80
PCB-1242 (AROCHLOR 1242)	608	0.80
PCB-1248 (AROCHLOR 1248)	608	0.80
PCB-1254 (AROCHLOR 1254)	608	0.80
PCB-1260 (AROCHLOR 1260)	608	0.80
TOXAPHENE	608	1.0

Figure 13-1: Location Plat, Evangeline Equivalent Aquifer

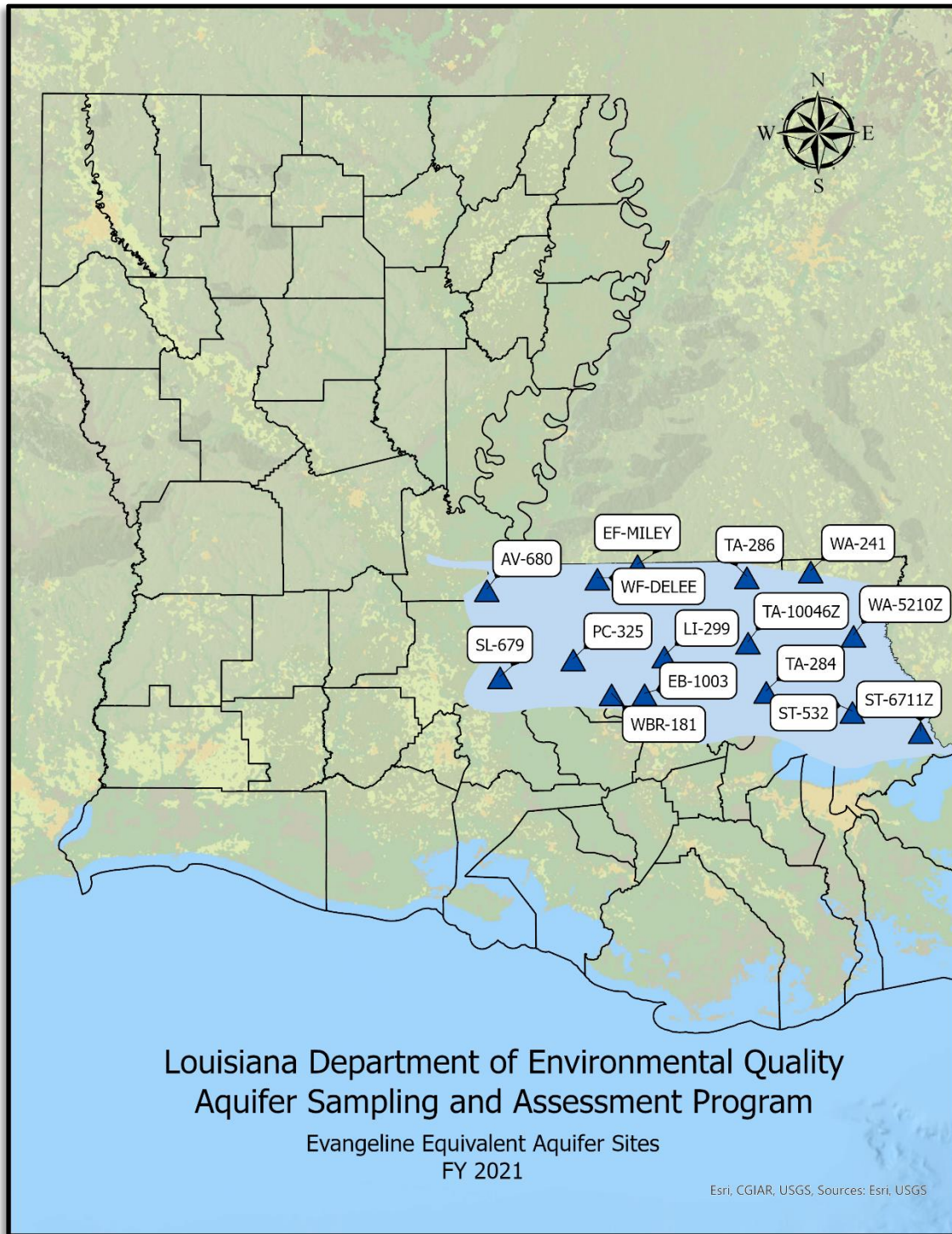


Chart 13-1: Temperature Trend

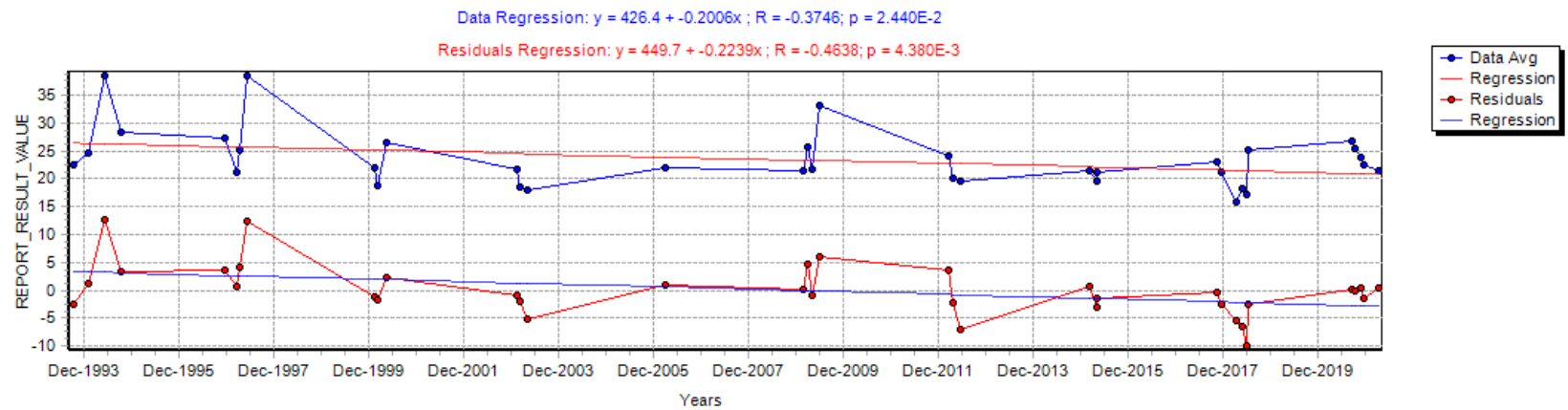
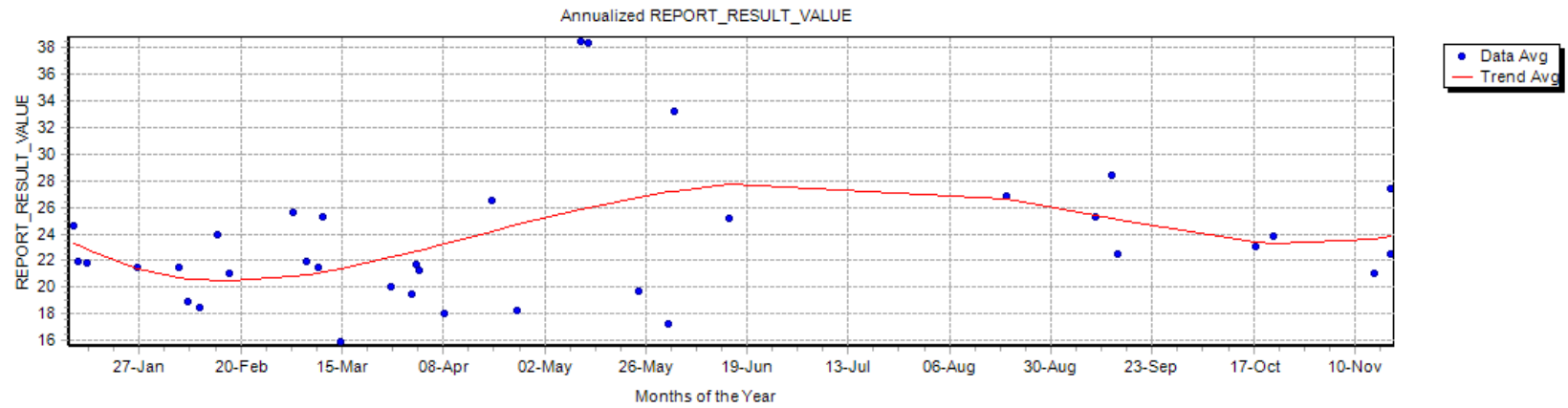


Chart 13-2: pH Trend

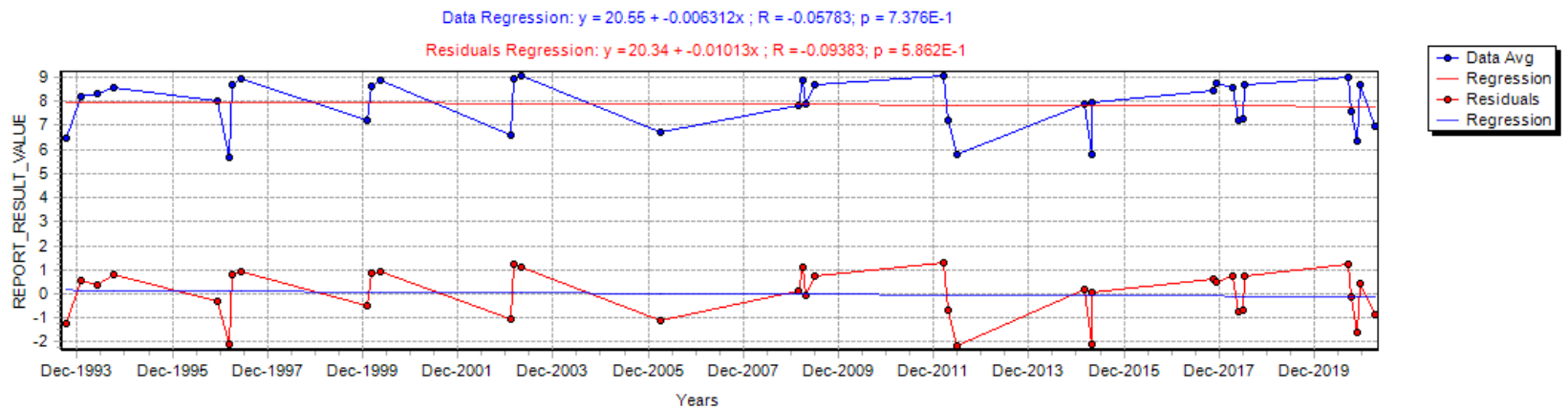
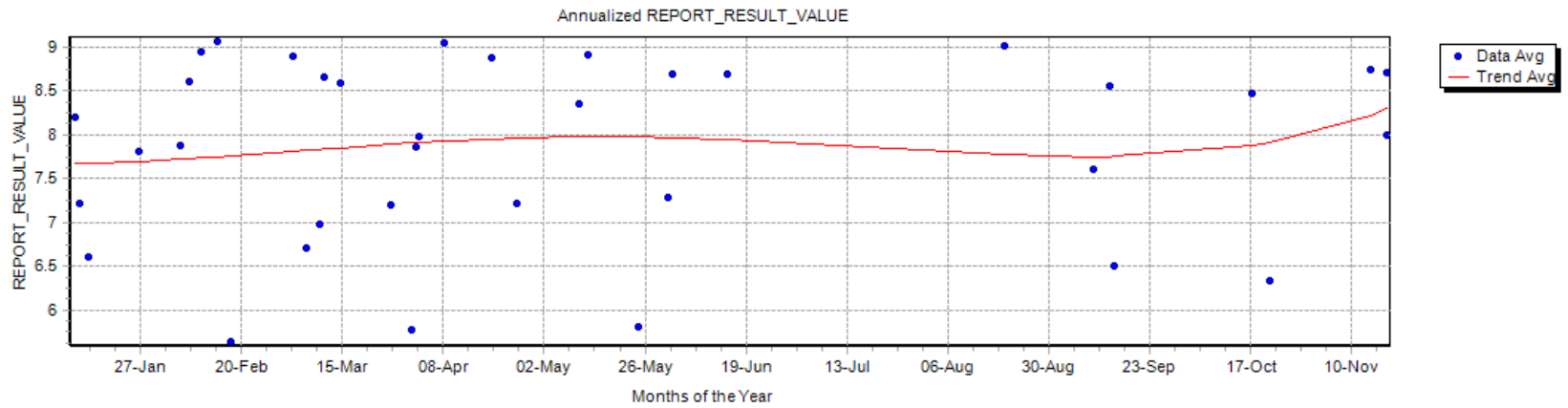
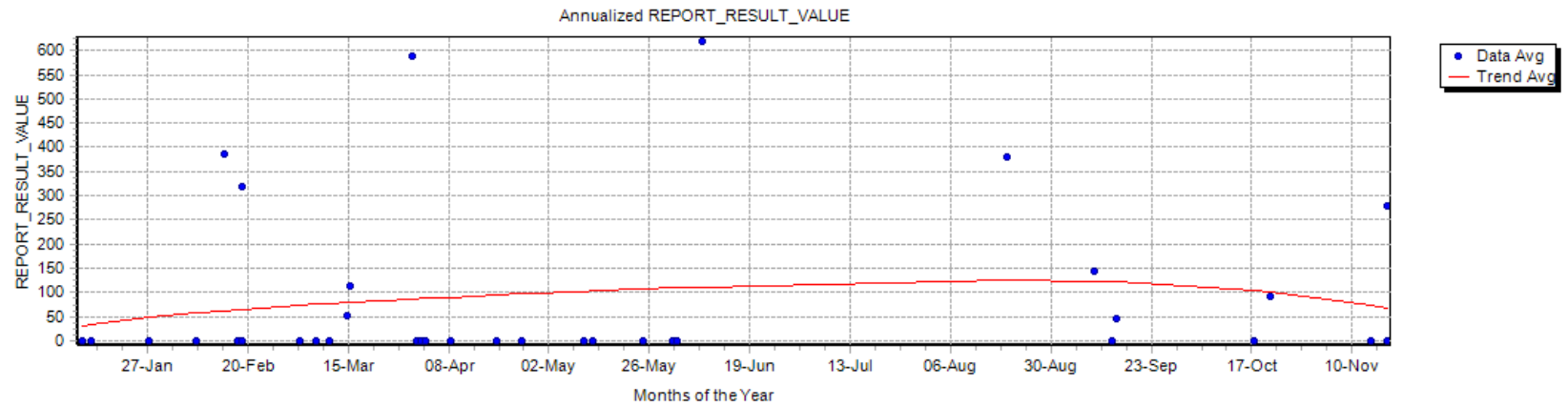


Chart 13-3: Specific Conductance Trend



Data Regression: $y = -17600 + 8.805x$; $R = 0.4947$; $p = 2.161E-3$

Residuals Regression: $y = -16230 + 8.078x$; $R = 0.4593$; $p = 4.835E-3$

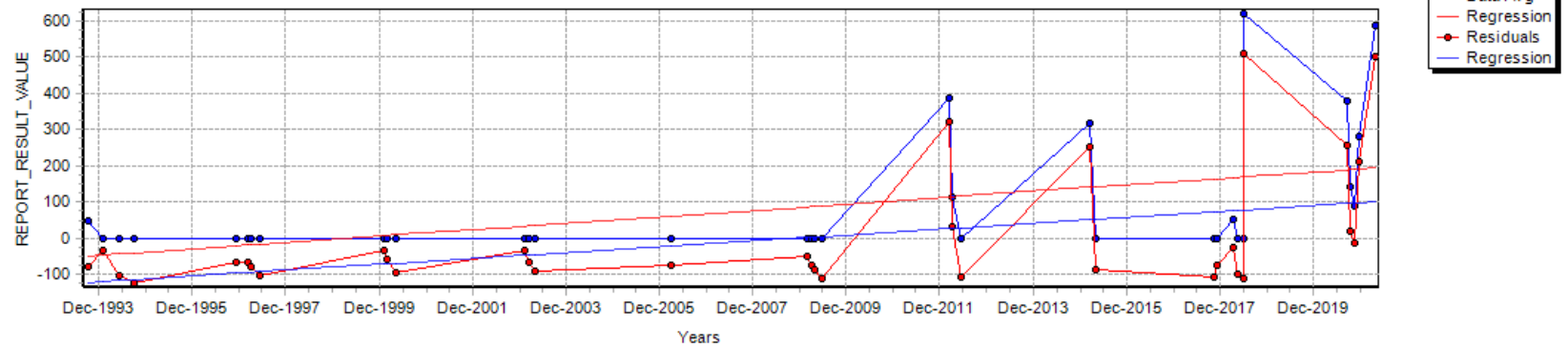


Chart 13-4: Field Salinity Trend

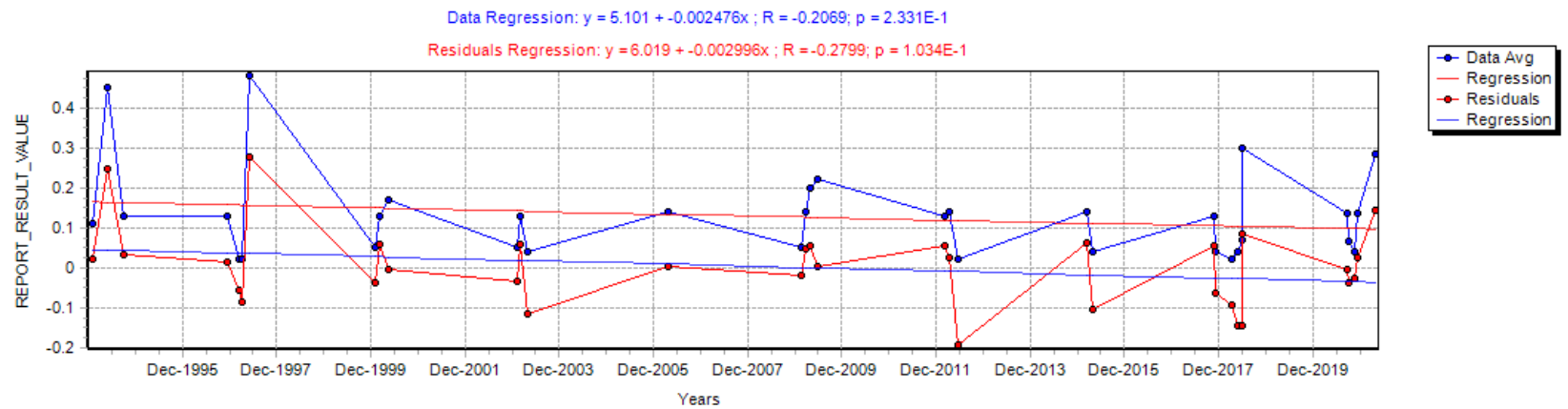
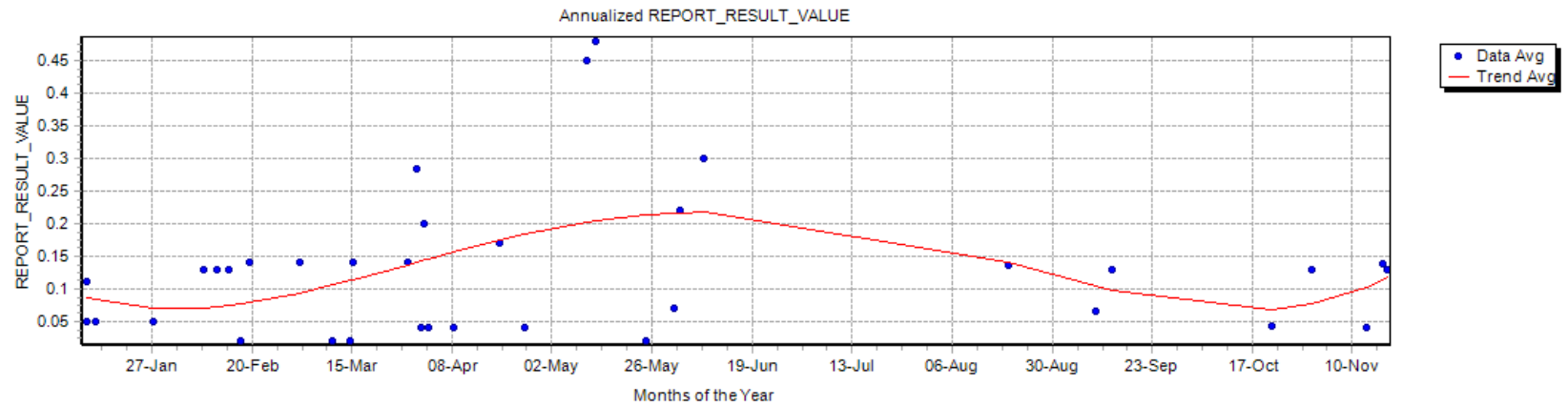
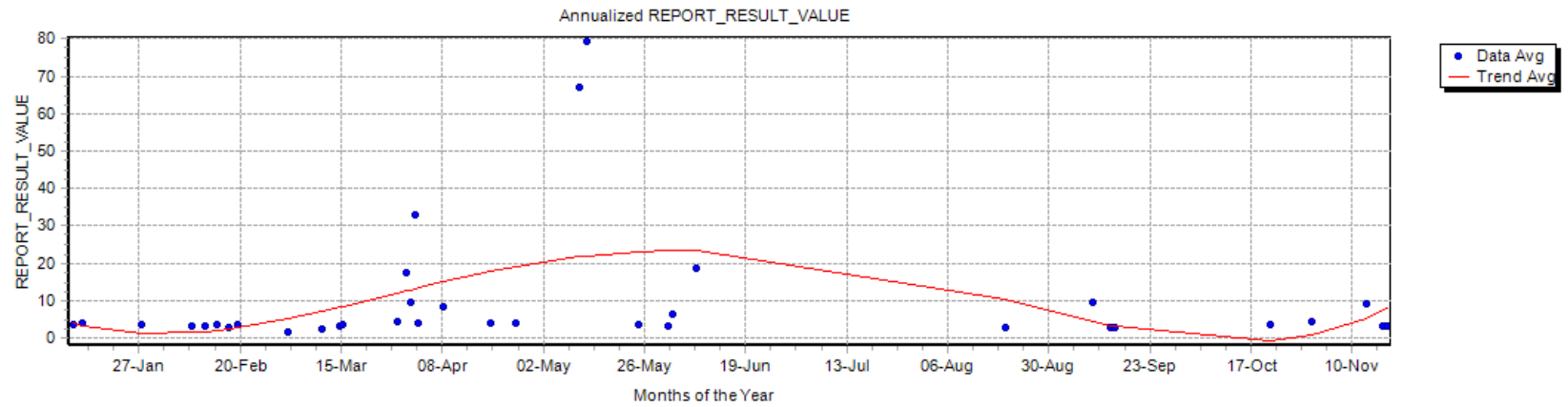


Chart 13-5: Chloride Trend



Data Regression: $y = 816.5 + -0.4017x$; $R = -0.2259$; $p = 1.852E-1$

Residuals Regression: $y = 980.2 + -0.4880x$; $R = -0.3093$; $p = 6.638E-2$

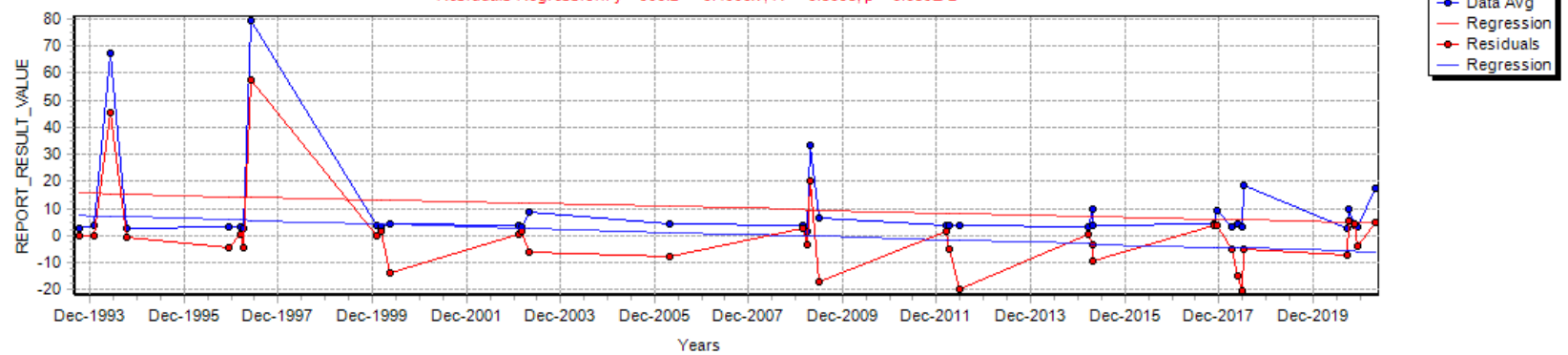


Chart 13-6: Total Dissolved Solids Trend

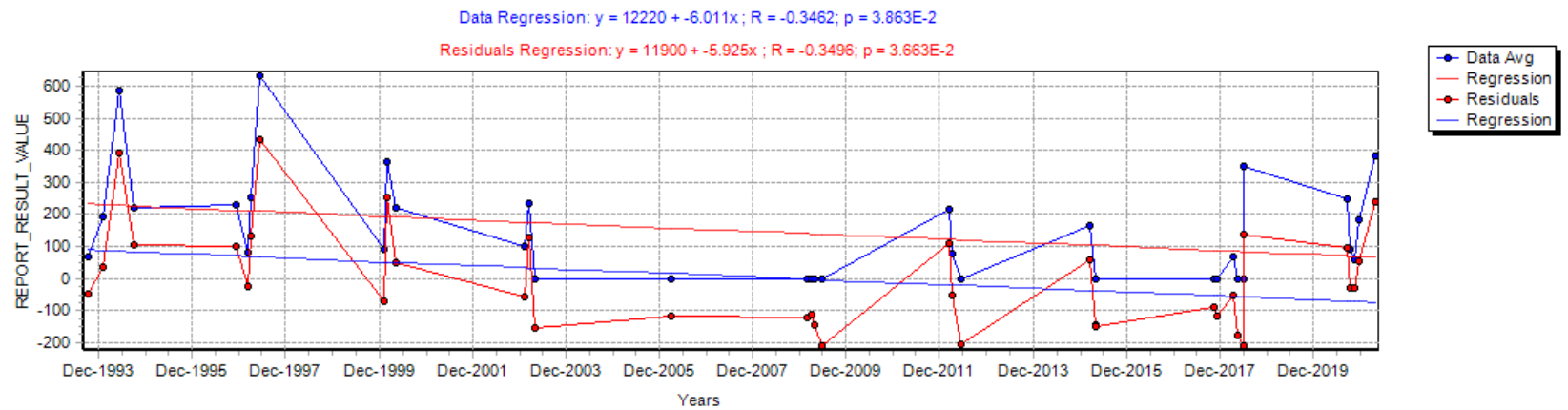
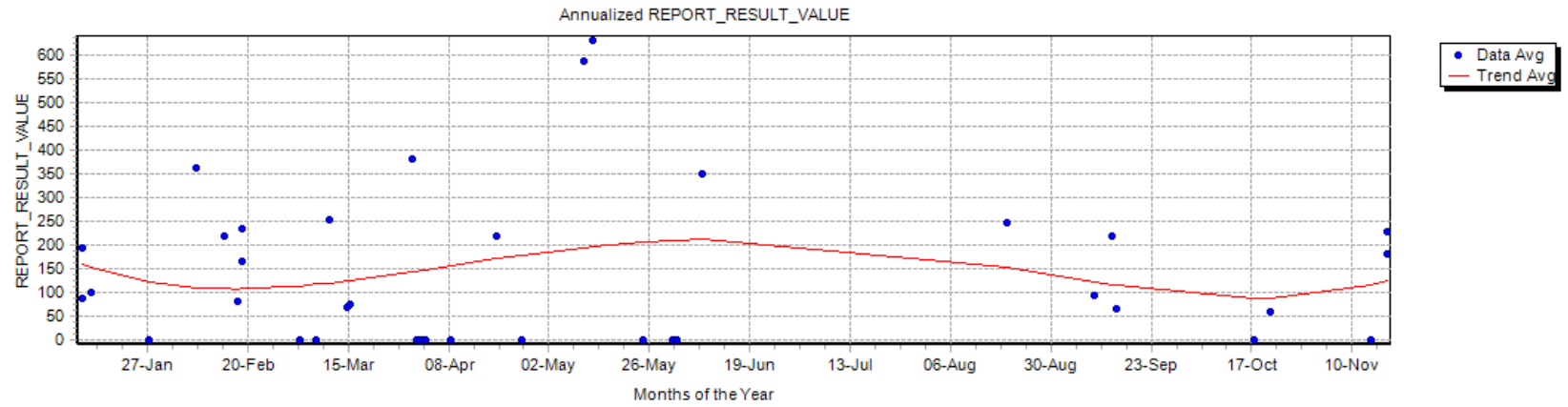
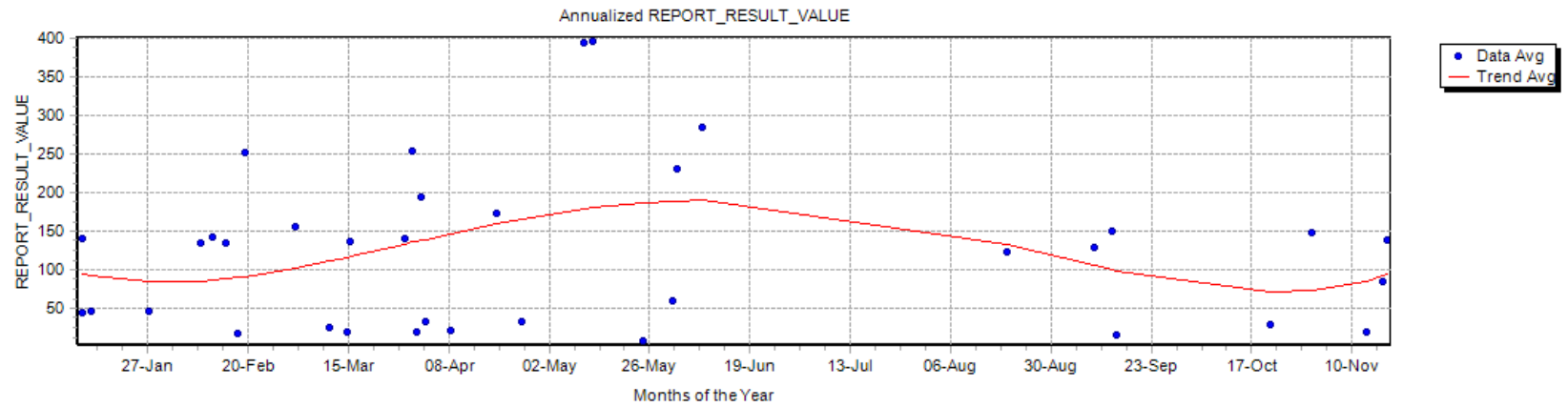


Chart 13-7: Alkalinity Trend



Data Regression: $y = 3368 + -1.617x$; $R = -0.1488$; $p = 3.863E-1$

Residuals Regression: $y = 3892 + -1.938x$; $R = -0.1915$; $p = 2.631E-1$

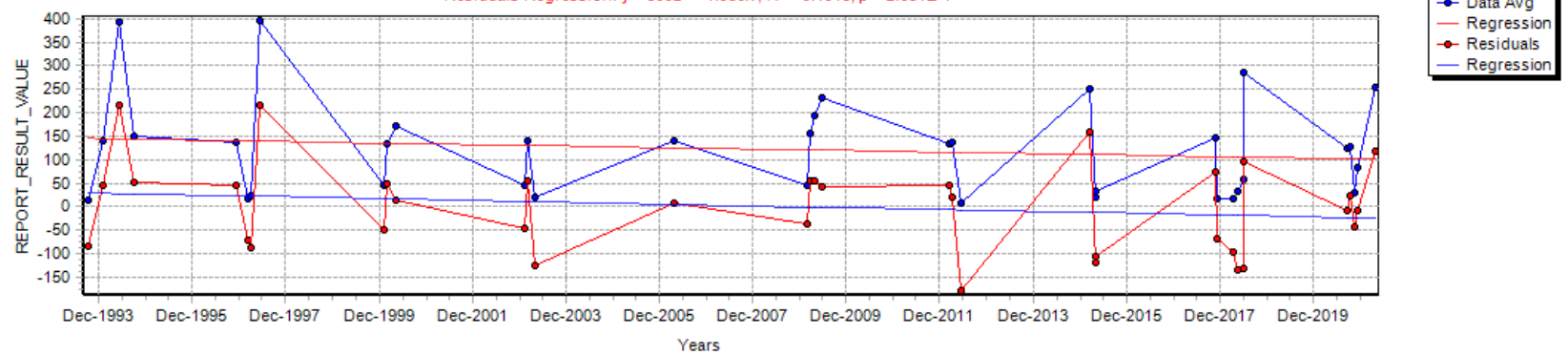


Chart 13-8: Hardness Trend

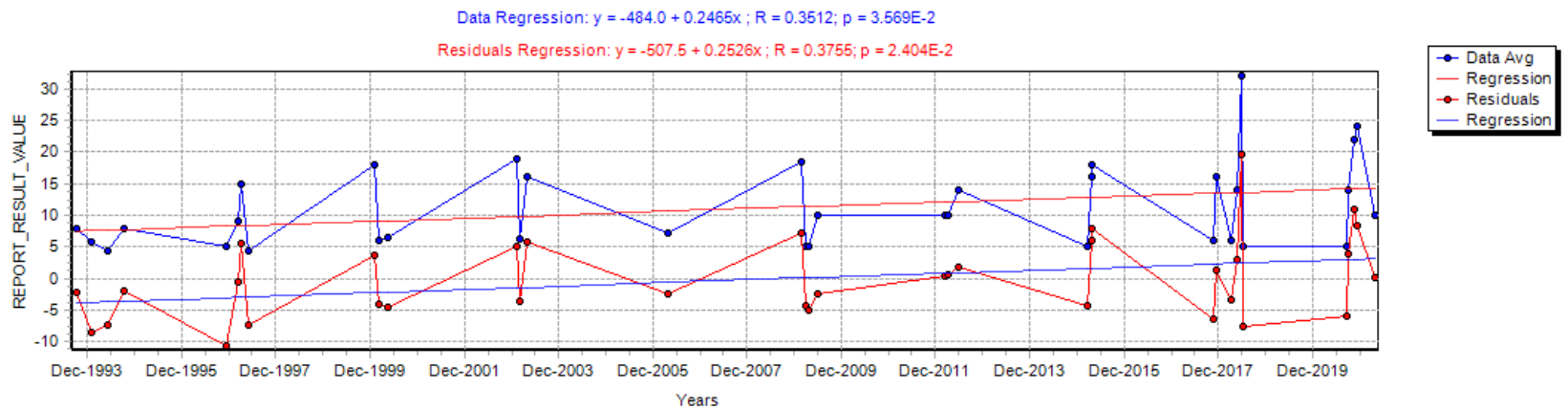
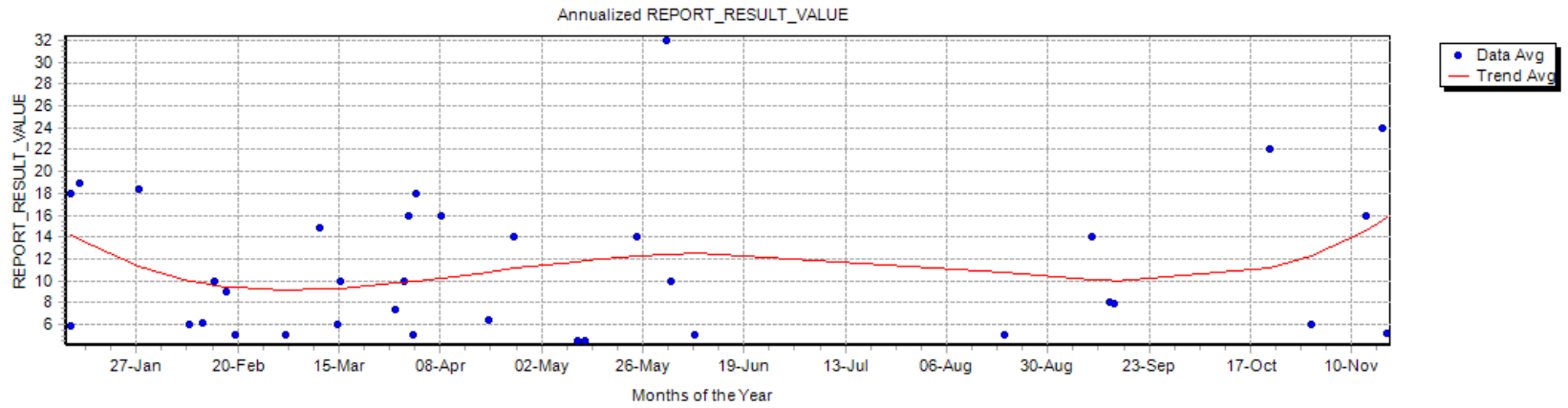


Chart 13-9: Sulfate Trend

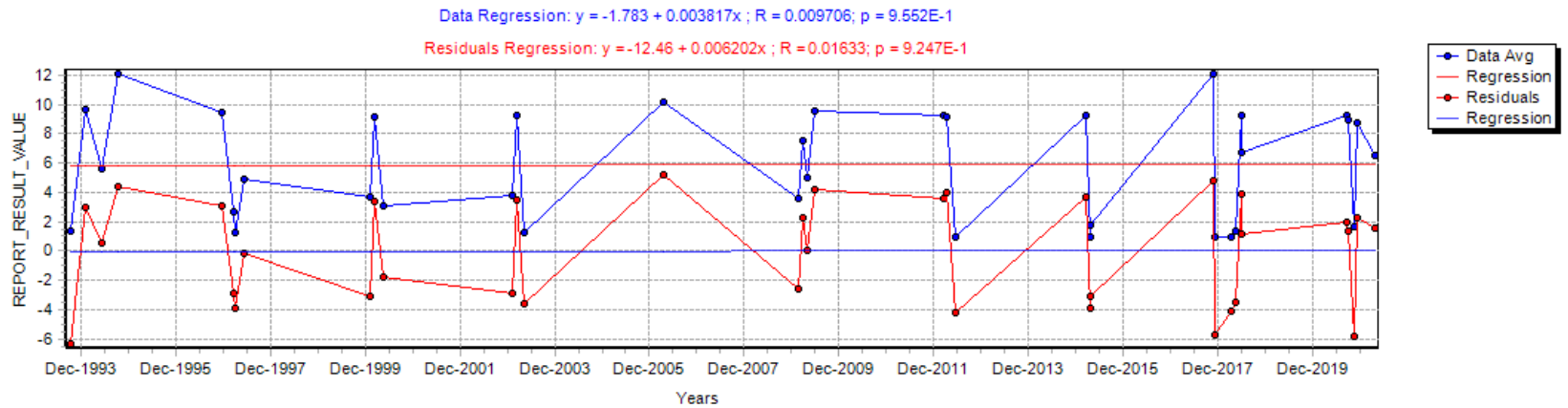
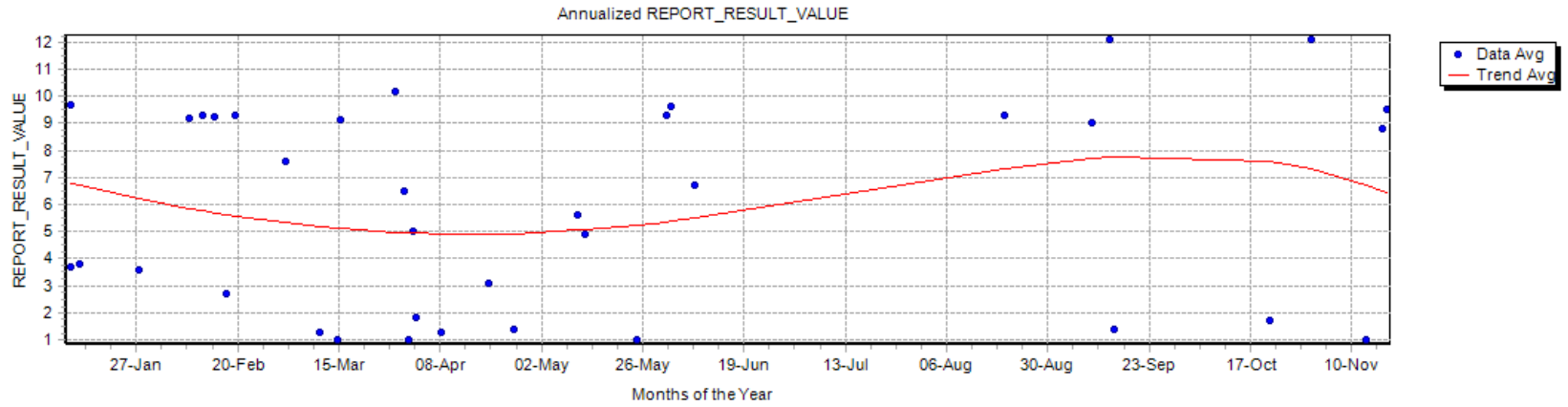


Chart 13-10: Color Trend

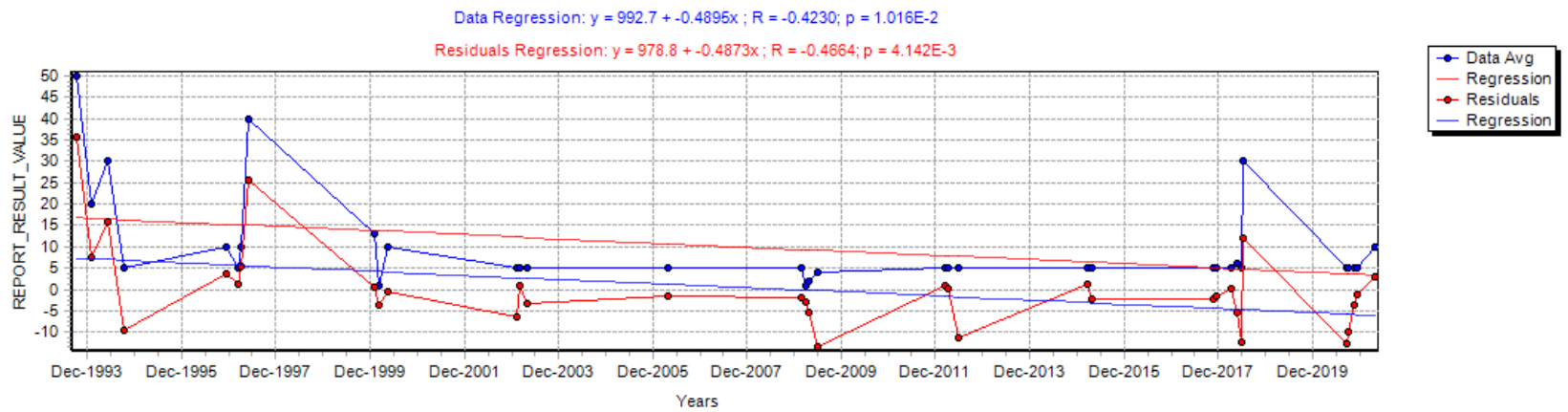
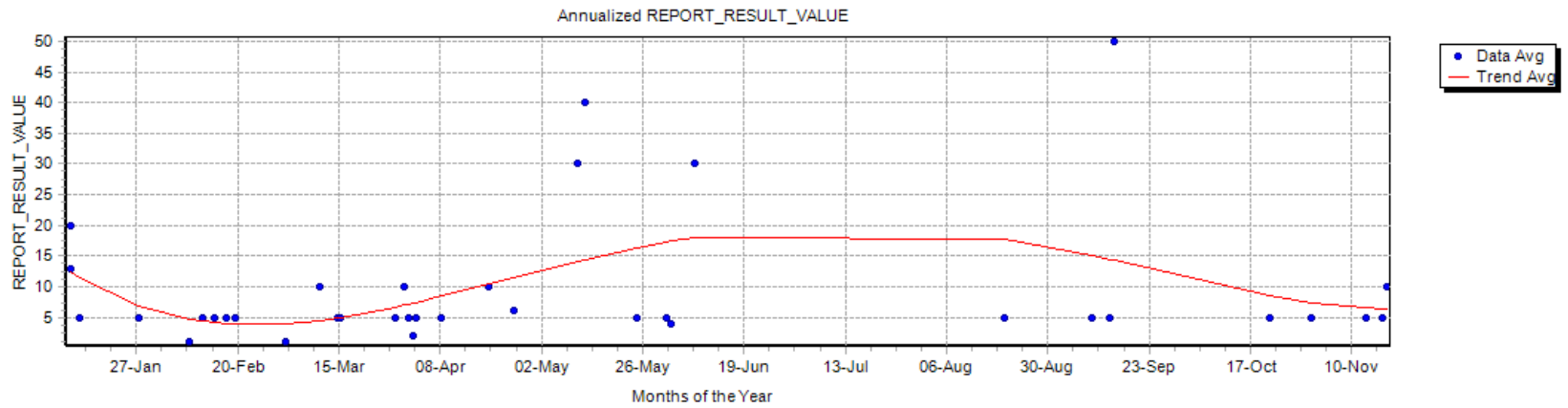


Chart 13-11: Ammonia Trend

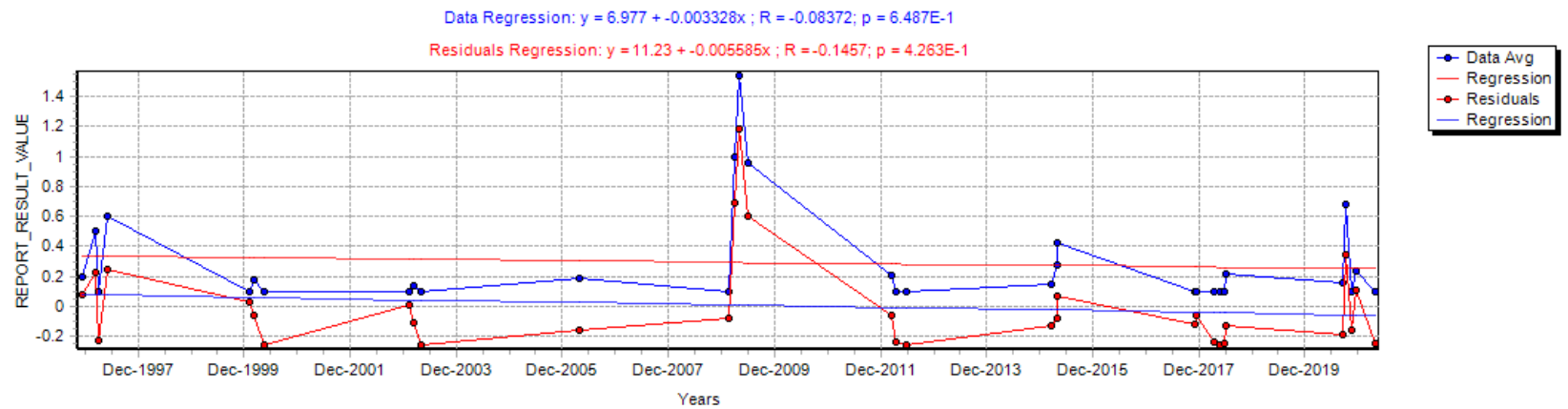
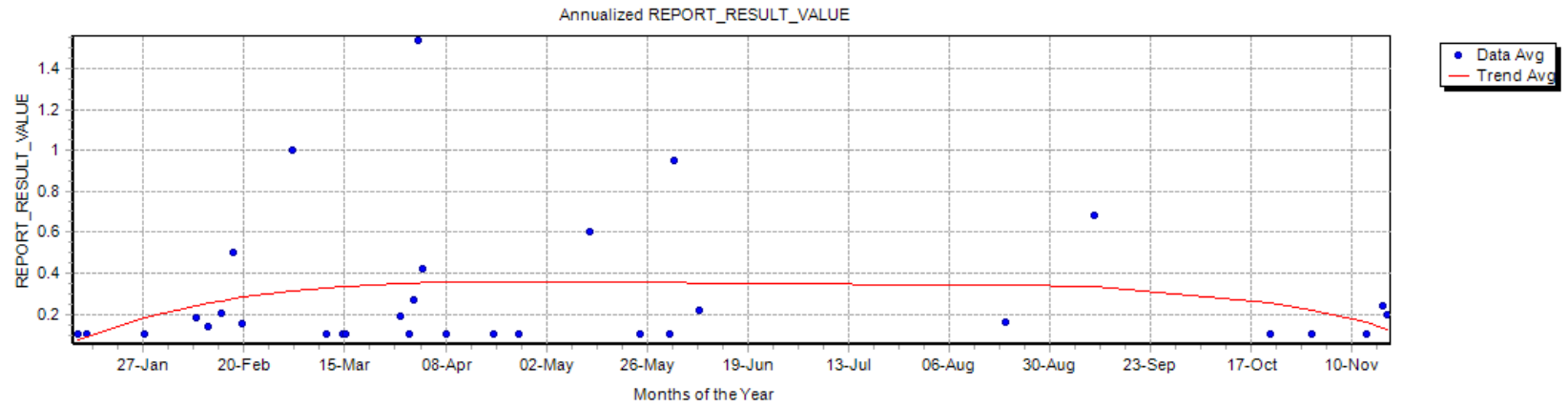


Chart 13-12: Nitrite - Nitrate Trend

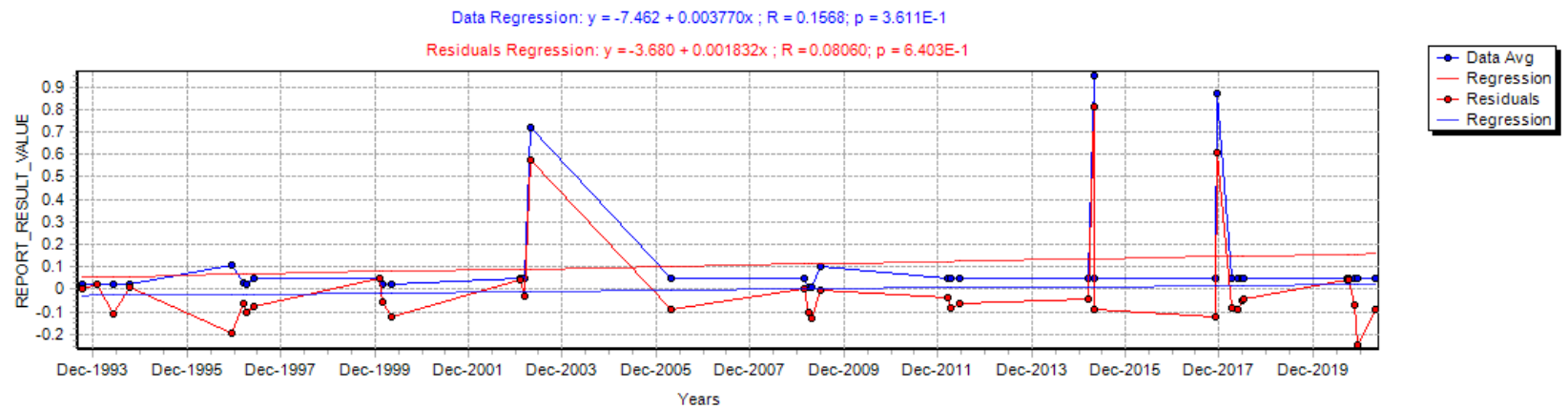
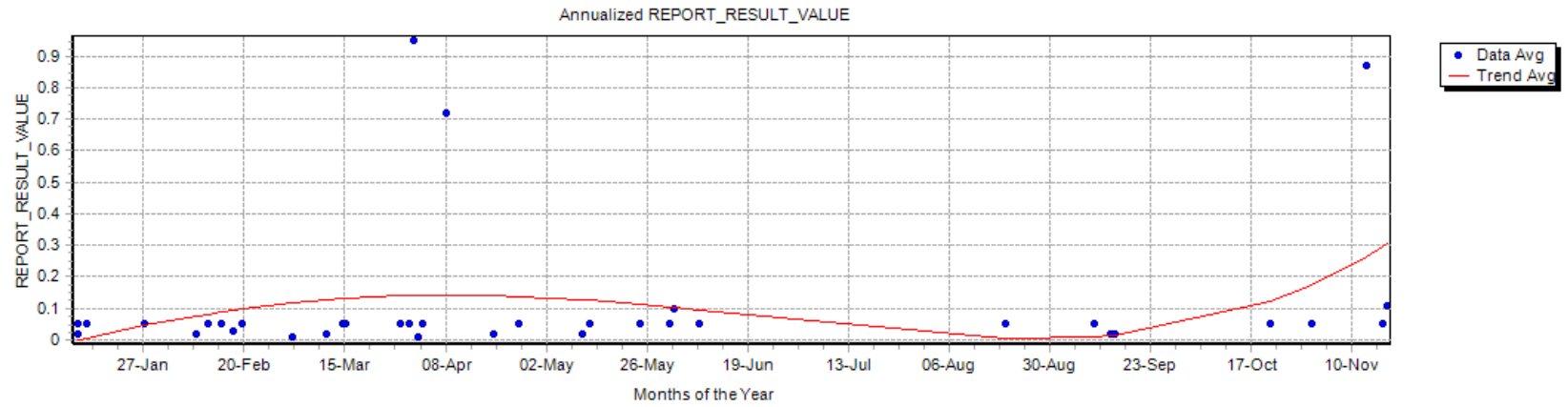
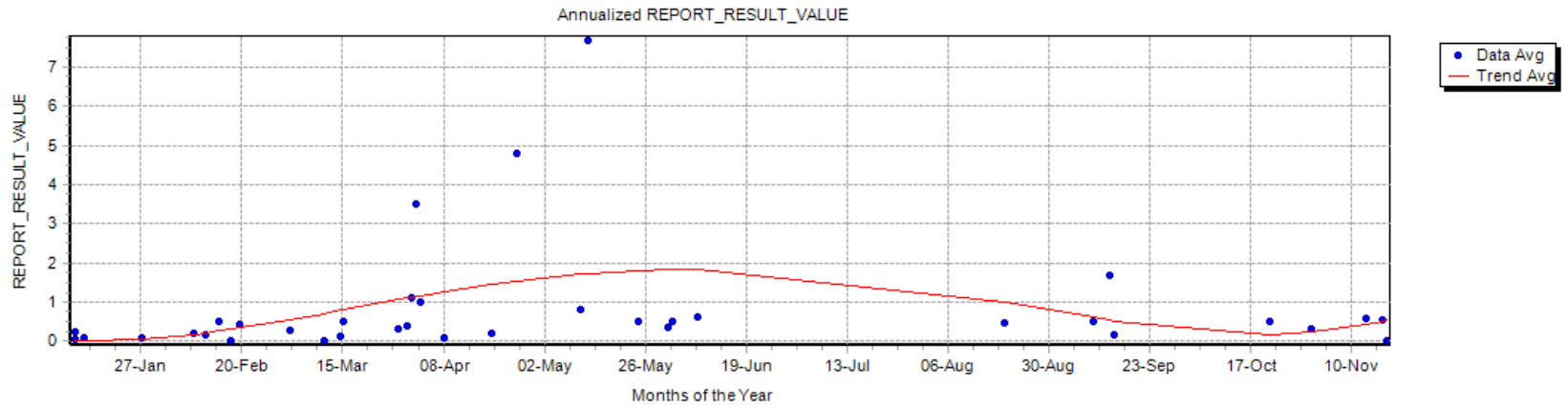


Chart 13-13: Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen Trend



Data Regression: $y = 12.22 + -0.005675x$; $R = -0.03561$; $p = 8.366E-1$

Residuals Regression: $y = 31.75 + -0.01580x$; $R = -0.1082$; $p = 5.299E-1$

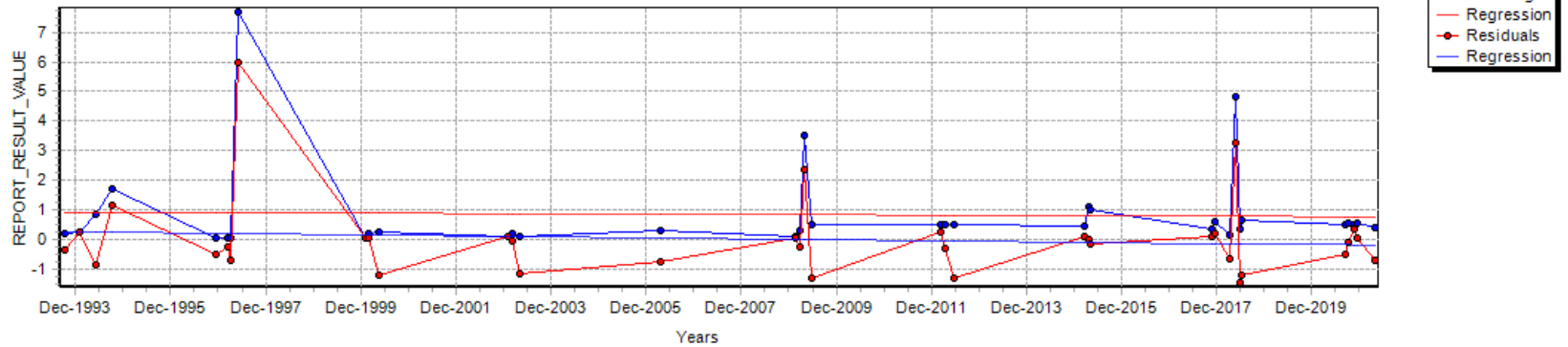
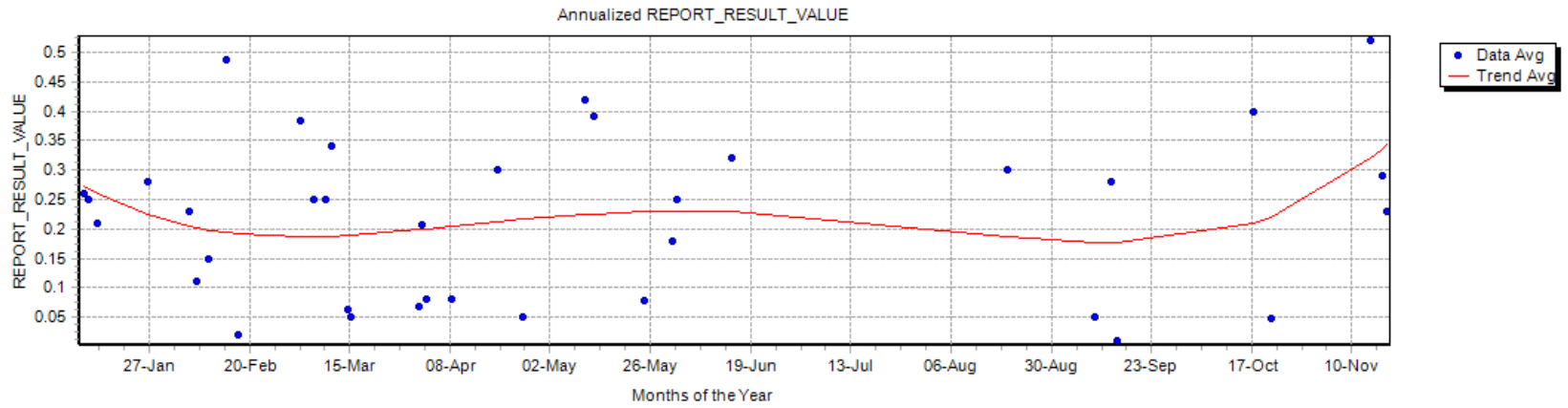


Chart 13-14: Total Phosphorus Trend



Data Regression: $y = 2.226 + -0.0009990x$; $R = -0.06837$; $p = 6.920E-1$
 Residuals Regression: $y = 1.836 + -0.0009143x$; $R = -0.06574$; $p = 7.033E-1$

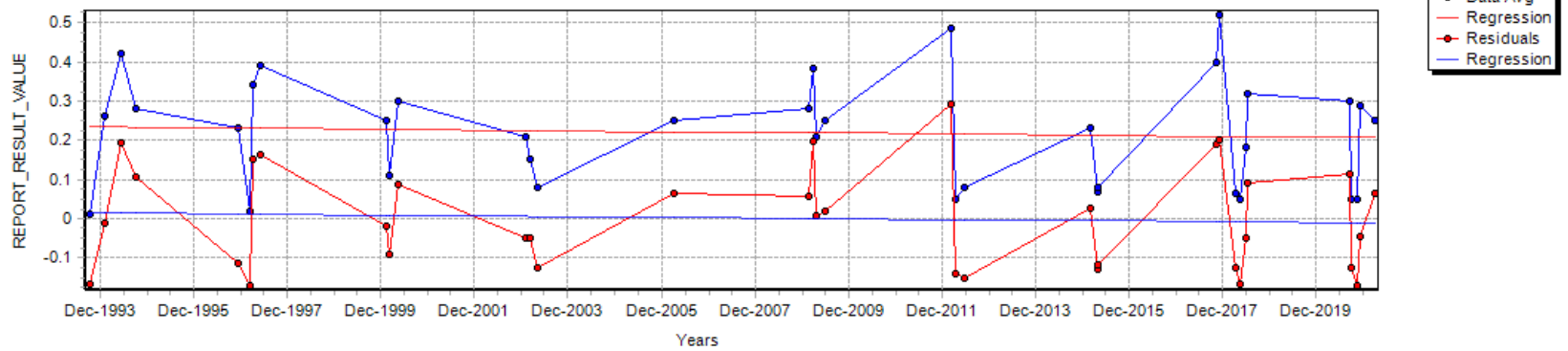


Chart 13-15: Barium Trend

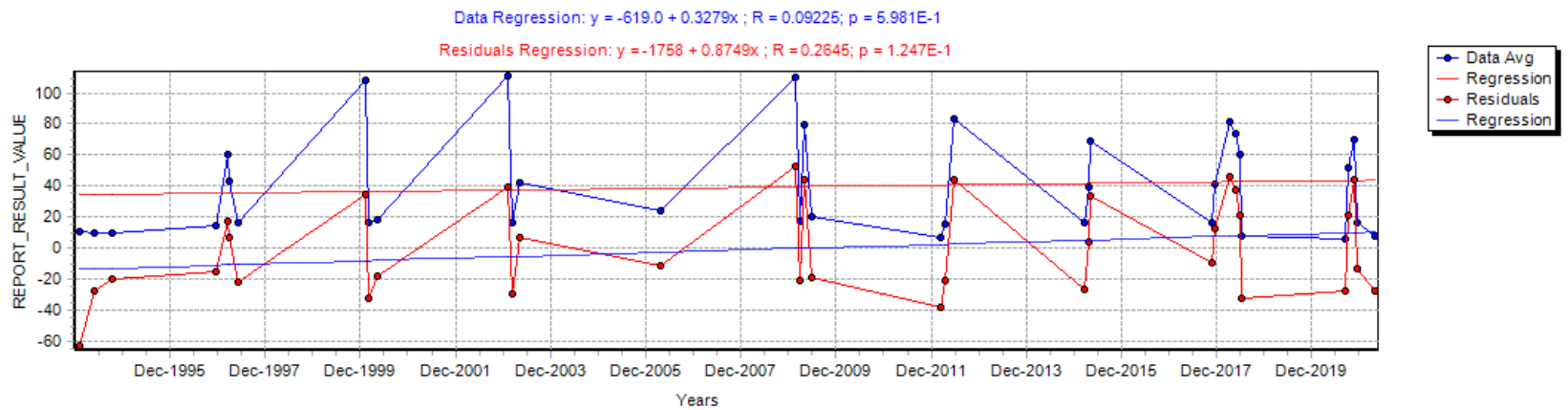
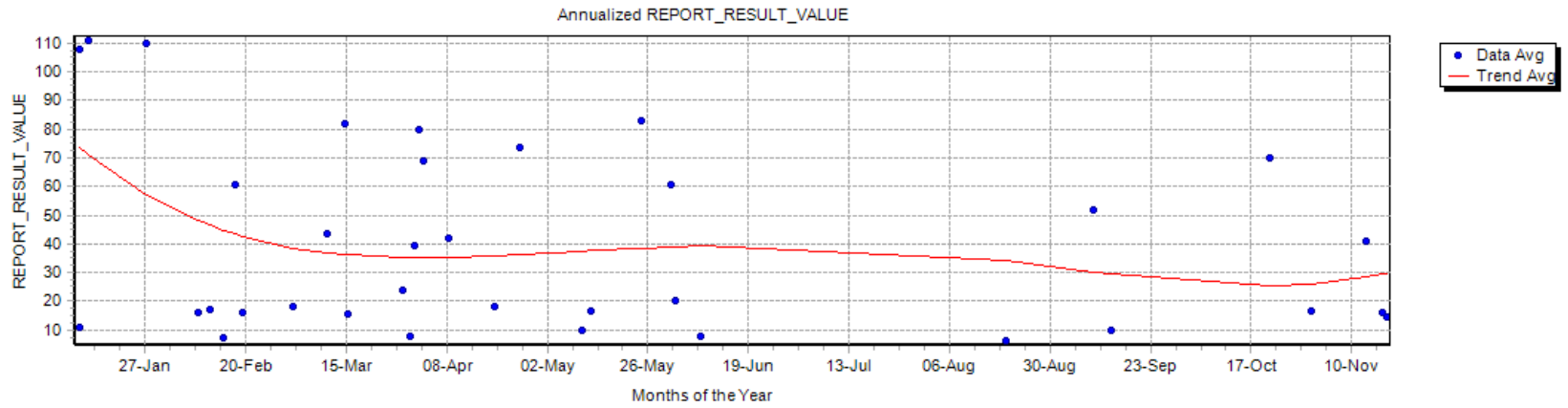


Chart 13-16: Copper Trend

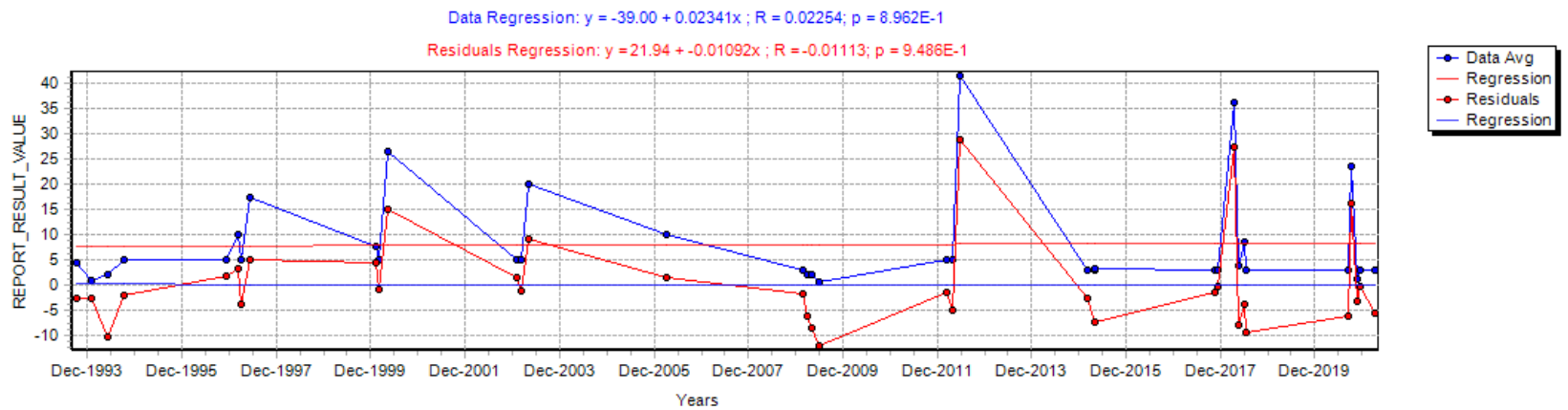
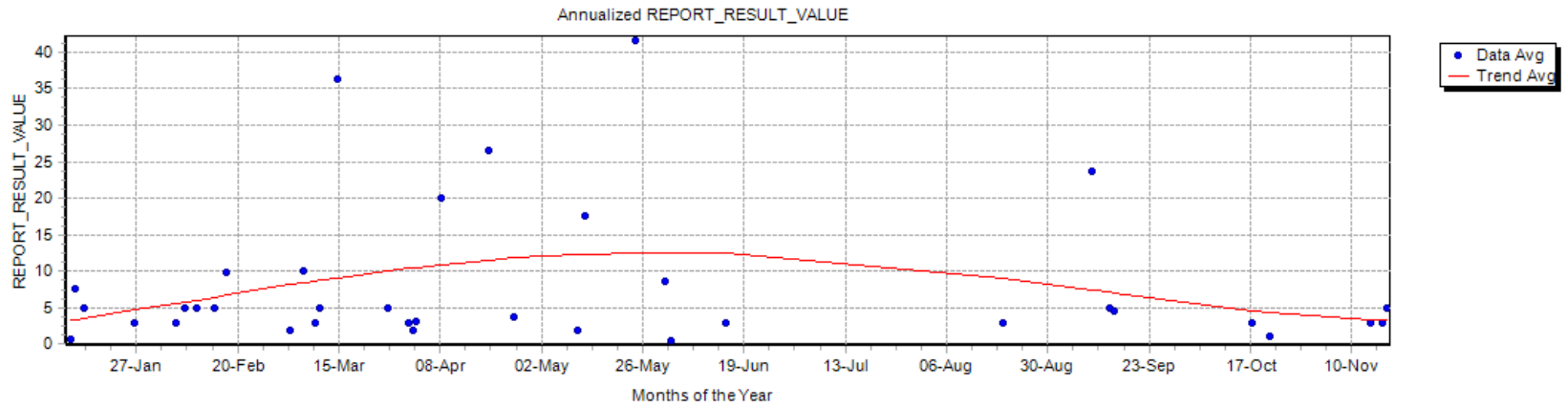


Chart 13-15: Iron Trend

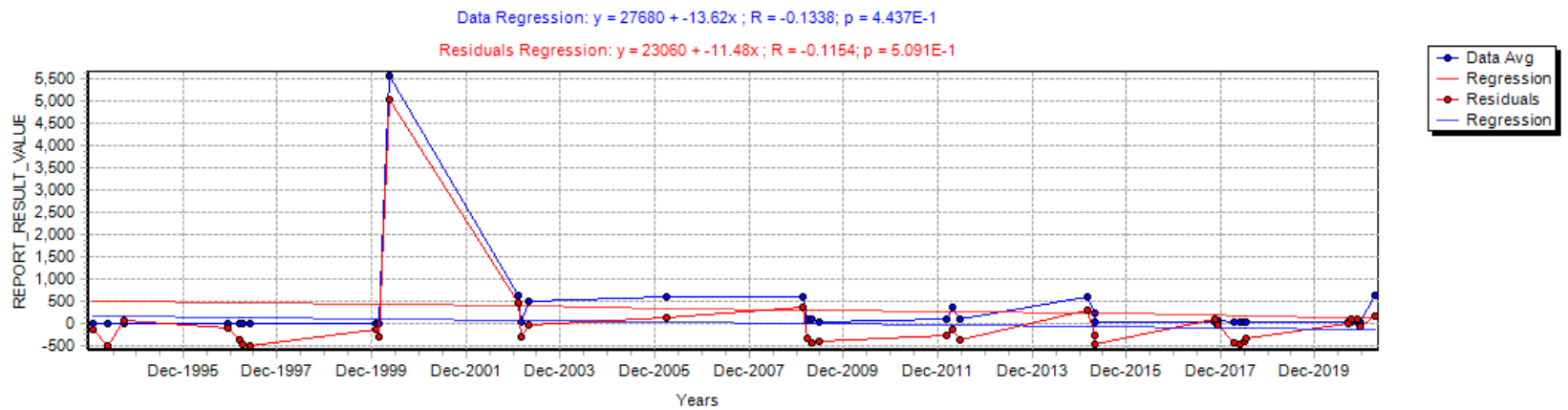
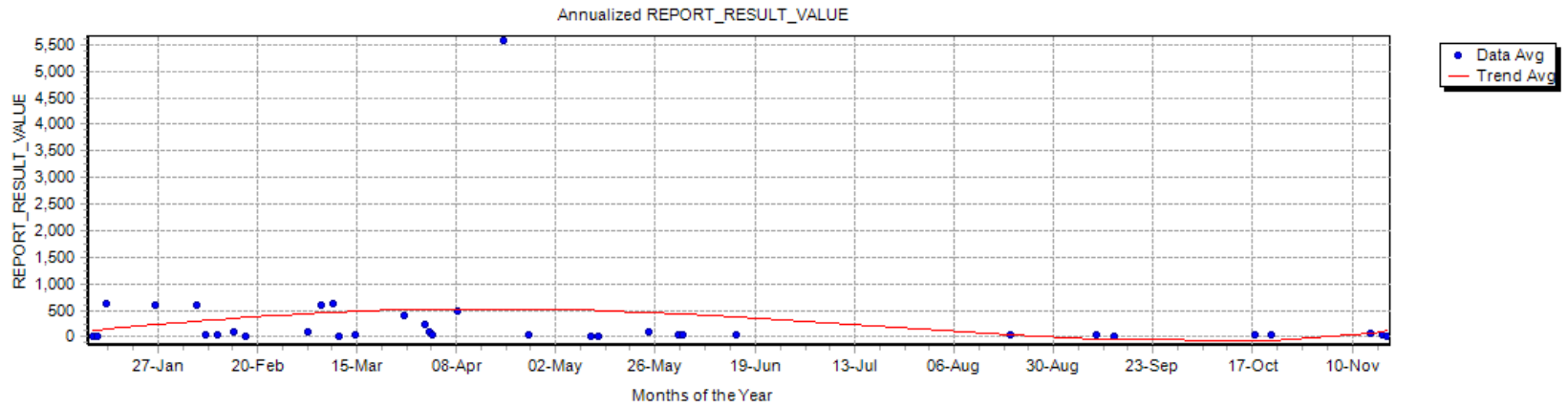


Chart 13-16: Zinc Trend

