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IDEAS?

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Section

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- **Ouachita**
- Vernon
- **Beauregard**
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projects that provide waterand the reduction of nonpoint water supply sources.

quality degradation in the United States and poses a and rivers.

Big Creek, which is a fecal coliform standard necesuse for primary contact recreation (swimming). Reasons cited for this in DEO's 2006 Integrated Report are livestock (grazing or feeding operations) and sewage discharges in unsewered areas. Because Big Creek is a drinking water source and an outstanding natural resource, it is in the public interest to determine what is contributing fecal coliform bacteria to the creek. Therefore, DEO contracted with the University of Louisiana Monroe to conduct a sampling program to study the sources of the fecal The principal coliform. investigator for the project

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

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GOT NEWS? DRINKING WATER PROTECTION TEAM



The Drinking Water Protection Team is a part of the Aquifer Evaluation and Protection Section in the Water quality Assessment Division. This Division falls under the Office of Environmental Assessment at the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality. Drinking Water Protection Team members educate the public on the importance of protecting drinking water. The team plays a vital role in working with Louisiana communities to establish local drinking water protection programs. The team is available to give presentations on drinking water protection issues to your school or organization. Please call 225-219-3510 for more information. We look forward to helping you protect your

community's drinking water!

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Office of Environmental Assessment

Issue 12

Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Grants Awarded through the Drinking Water Protection Program

Two additional 319-funded will be Dr. Kevin Baer. The propagation standard. The grants have been awarded for contract has been approved by sampling results highlight a EPA and work on the project problem of sewage loading shed improvement initiatives is planned to begin shortly.

pollution for two drinking Sewage Project is currently in needed for disinfection of progress. Bayou Lafourche is the drinking water, which in Nonpoint source pollution a drinking water source for conjunction with decaying is the leading cause of water over 200,000 people but it is organic material along the not meeting its primary bayou, cause the formation contact recreation and fish substantial problem for the and wildlife propagation health of Louisiana's streams designated use standards. Dissolved oxygen and total fecal coliform are problems. source of drinking water for Further downstream where Bayou Lafourche by locating people in southern Grant the bayou is not a drinking malfunctioning on site home Parish and northern Rapides water source, it isn't meeting sewage systems. A contract Parish, is not meeting the its fish and wildlife propaga- with Nicholls State Univertion standard, dissolved sity to perform sampling of sary to support its designated oxygen standard, or its oyster

in the bayou. This results in The Bayou Lafourche higher amounts of chlorine of disinfection byproducts. These byproducts then require additional treatment.

> LDEQ is trying to address the fecal coliform issue in

> > Continued on page two..



Seologists Jesse Means and Tiffani Cravens perform surface water sampling on Bayou Lafourche following Hurricane Gustav in order to assess impacts of the storm on the bayou, a drinking water source

On the Radar: Drinking Water Programs for the upcoming year



There are four drinking water protection programs planned for this year: Calcasieu, Ouachita, Beauregard and Vernon Parishes.

Back in the Saddle, Calcasieu Parish

Drinking Water Protection staff began working in Calcasieu Parish in June 2008. They met with representatives from the fifteen water district and municipal water systems serving Calcasieu Parish as well as local officials to introduce them to the drinking water protection program and encourage them to participate. This is the second time that the Drinking Water Protection Team has started work in Calcasieu Parish. The first attempt was in 2005, but unfortunately, drinking water protection efforts were delayed by Hurricanes Katrina and Rita.

A community meeting was held on August 14, 2008 in Lake Charles, LA. The meeting was advertised in local newspapers. Jesse Means, Drinking Water Protection team member, appeared on KPLC's morning news

show to invite the community to the meeting. Twenty-four people attended the meeting, which was opened by the Mayor of Lake Charles, Randy Roach. Twelve attendees volunteered to join the Drinking Water Protection Committee. More citizens are encouraged to participate. The first meeting of the Calcasieu Parish Drinking Water Protection Committee will be held in October. 2008.

Watch out for Ouachita Parish

The Drinking Water Protection staff is getting ready for a Drinking Water Protection Program in Ouachita Parish. Jesse Means and Micaela Coner of the Drinking Water Protection Team began meeting with water system and local government officials in August to explain the purpose of the Drinking Water Protection Program.

Sources of drinking water in Ouachita Parish are the Sparta and North Louisiana Terrace Aquifer, as well as the Ouachita River and Bayou Desiard. There are over 100 public supply water wells in the parish, and all but a few utilize the Sparta Aquifer. The wells

range in depth from 107 feet to 805 feet. The City of Monroe has surface water intakes in Bayou Desiard and the Ouachita River.

In addition to helping to protect drinking water, the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality's Drinking Water Protection Team will work to address any water quality issues and their suspected sources as listed in the Water Quality Integrated Report. For more information, please refer to the website at http://www.deq.louisiana.gov/portal/ tabid/98/Default.aspx. We also encourage citizens to attend the Drinking Water Protection Community Meeting, tentatively scheduled for October of 2008.

Beauregard and Vernon Parishes are Next in Line

Drinking Water Protection Programs for Beauregard and Vernon Parishes are targeted to begin in January 2009.

Please contact the Drinking Water Protection Team at 225-219-3510 for more information on our programs.

Pine Grove Water System Pine Hill Water System Pinehill Water System City of Pineville Pioneer-Darnell Water System Pitkin Water System Plain Dealing Plaisance Water System City of Plaquemine Town of Plaucheville Point Blue Water System Pointe Coupee Area Water Pointe Coupee WW Dist. #1 Pointe Coupee WW Dist, #2-Batchelor Pointe Coupee WW Dist. #2-Hwv 10 Town of Pollock Pollock Area Water System City of Port Allen Town of Port Barre Town of Port Barre Village of Powhatan Prarie Ronde Water System Provencal Water System Rapides Parish Waterworks Dist. #3 City of Rayne Town of Rayville Red Chute Utilities Red Oak Water Co., Inc. Red River Water System Robeline-Marthaville Water System City of Ruston Town of St. Francisville St. Helena Waterworks Dist. #2 St. Helena Waterworks Dist. #2, Phase 3 Town of St. Joseph St. Landry Consolidated #2 St. Landry WW Dist. #2

Issue 12

St. Mary's Water System Sandy Lake Water System Savoy-Swords Water System Inc. Schriever WTP Service Area Town of Sibley Village of Sicily Island Sieper Area Water System Town of Simmesport Village of Simpson Town of Slaughter City of Slidell South Bonne Idee Water System South Bossier Water System South DeSoto Water System South Grant Water System South Oakdale Water System South Rayne Water Corp. S.E. Hodge Water System Southeast WW Dist. #2 Southwest Allen Parish Water District Southwest Allen Parish WW Dist. #2 Southwest Avoyelles WW District Southwest Ouachita Waterworks, Inc. Sterlington Water Supply City of Sulphur Town of Sunset City of Tallulah (Peoples Water Serv.) Tangipahoa Parish Water System City of Thibodaux Torbert-Frisco Service **Tunica Water System** Union Springs Water System United Water System Town of Urania Varnado Rural Waterworks Vermilion Parish WW Dist. #1 Vermilion Parish WW Dist, #1 Esther

CONGRATULATIONS! THE DRINKING WATER TEAM SALUTES!

Municipalities that have enacted a Drinking Water Protection Ordinance by Parish-

Acadia Parish- Town of Church Point, City of Crowley, Town of lota, City of Rayne Avoyelles Parish- City of Marksville, Town of Mansura, Town of Moreauville, Town of Simmesport **Bossier Parish**– Town of Haughton, Town of Plain Dealing East Feliciana Parish- Village of Norwood, Town of Wilson Grant Parish- Town of Pollock

Jefferson Davis Parish- Town of Welsh, Town of Lake Arthur, City of Jennings Lafayette Parish- City of Youngsville, Town of Duson, City of Carencro Natchitoches Parish– Village of Goldonna

Rapides Parish- Town of Lecompte, Town of Cheneyville St. Landry Parish- City of Eunice, Town of Melville, City of Opelousas, Town of Washington Vermilion Parish- City of Abbeville. Town of Delcambre. Town of Erath. Town of Guevdan. Town of Kaplan. Town of Maurice

West Baton Rouge Parish – Town of Addis West Feliciana Parish – Town of St. Francisville Washington Parish– Town of Angie

Parishes that have enacted a Drinking Water Protection Ordinance – Acadia Parish Police Jury, Avoyelles Parish Police Jury, Bossier Parish Police Jury, Jefferson Davis Parish Police Jury, St. Landry Parish Council, Vermilion Parish Police Jury

Nonpoint source pollution grants continued...

... continued from page 1

ditches that are receiving effluent from home sewage units has been developed. The quality control documents were approved by LDEQ and EPA on May 23, 2008. The draft quarterly report for this project covering the months of April, May, and June 2008 was received by LDEQ on July 10, 2008. This report stated that the contractor has begun purchasing equipment required for the contract completion and that approximately 80% of the sampling site selection was complete. It also stated that initial sampling of the sites that were selected had begun. The project is led by Dr. Marilyn Kilgen.

If there is a demonstration that on site decentralized sewage systems are a

major contributor to the Bayou Lafourche problem, the data will be used to convince citizens of the need of a source of funding to resolve the problem and to convince the local government to take a leadership role in protecting the welfare of its constituents. This includes, but is not limited to, the adoption of a local ordinance to give the local government the authority to inspect sewage systems and order the repair/replacement of malfunctioning/inoperable systems. Consideration will also be given to an attempt to have individual onsite sewage systems combined into a community type system to better control polluted discharges into the environment.

Funding priority for 319(h) grant funds has been given to projects designed and intended for addressing

water quality impairments caused by nonpoint source pollution on stream subsegments listed on the 2006 Louisiana 303(d) List of Impaired Water Bodies or subsegments at risk of becoming impaired by nonpoint source pollution.

The grant funds are made available under Section 319(h) of the Clean Water Act, to state and local governments, nongovernment organizations, non-profit organizations, and federally recognized tribal groups within Louisiana to address nonpoint source pollution.

For more information on the Louisiana Department of Environmental Ouality's Nonpoint Source Program. please access the website at: http://nonpoint.deg.louisiana.gov

Submitted by Micaela Coner

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Village Water System Town of Vinton Walnut Bayou Water Association Ward One Water System Ward Two Water District Ward Four Water District Ward Six Water Association Town of Washington Waterloo Water Service Town of Waterproof Waterworks District #7 Town of Welsh West Allen Parish Water District West Baton Rouge Parish Public Utilities W. Baton Rouge WW Dist. #1 W. Baton Rouge WW Dist. #2 W. Baton Rouge WW Dist. #4- Section W. Baton Rouge WW Dist. #4- Holiday Inn W. Baton Rouge WW Dist. #4– Crocodile W. Baton Rouge WW Dist. #4- Arbroth West Feliciana WW Dist. #2 West Feliciana WW Dist. #13 West Grant Water Association Citv of Westlake West Monroe Water System West Winnsboro Water System Weston Water System Town of White Castle Village of Wilson City of Winnfield Town of Winnsboro Town of Wisner Town of Woodworth Town of Youngsville City of Zachary Zone Two Water System



State of Louisiana

WELLHEAD PROTECTION PROGRAMS/CONTINGENCY PLANS APPROVED

City of Abbeville City of Alexandria Village of Angle Town of Arnaudville Assumption Parish Waterworks Dist. #1 Atlanta Water System Avoyelles Waterworks District #1 Avoyelles Ward 3 Waterworks Dist. City of Baker City of Bastrop (Peoples Water Service) Baton Rouge Water Co. Bayou Bonne Idee Water System, Inc. Bayou Des Cannes Water System Bayou Liberty Water Association Beauregard Waterworks Dist. #2 Beekman Water System Bellevue Water System Belmont Water System Town of Bernice Bodcau Waterworks City of Bogalusa Bogue-Lusa Waterworks District Village of Bonita Bossier City Water System Town of Boyce City of Breaux Bridge Brouillette Water System Town of Broussard Brownville Water Supply Buckeye Water District #50 City of Bunkie Cadeville Water District Calcasieu Parish W.D. #1 (Moss Bluff) Calcasieu Parish W.D. #2 (Mossville) Calcasieu Parish W.D. #4 Calcasieu Parish W.D. #5 Calcasieu Parish W.D. #7 Calcasieu Parish W.D. #8 Calcasieu Parish W.D. #9 (Carlyss) Cameron Parish WWD #2 Cameron Waterworks #7 Cameron Waterworks #11 Cameron Water & Sewer Dist. #1 Town of Campti Village of Cankton City of Carencro Central Grant Chataignier Water System, Inc. Chee Chee Bay Water System Town of Chenevville Chestnut-Readhimer Water System Village of Choudrant Town of Church Point Clarence Water System Village of Clarks Town of Clinton Town of Colfax Town of Columbia Columbia Heights Water District Coteau Water System Town of Cottonport Town of Coushatta Creston Water System Cross Roads Waterworks

City of Crowley Cypress Black Bayou (CBB) Water System Darbonne Hills Water Supply Darlington Waterworks Assoc. Town of Delcambre Town of Delhi Village of Delta City of Denham Springs Dennis Mills Water System City of DeQuincy Town of DeRidder Village of Dry Prong Town of Duson East Allen Water District East Columbia Water District East Feliciana Rural Water Assoc. East Feliciana Rural-Reeves-Morgan Egan Water Corporation Village of Epps Town of Erath Village of Estherwood City of Eunice (LAWCO) Town of Everareen False River Water Co. Town of Farmerville Village of Fenton Fifth Ward Water System Village of Fordoche Town of Forest Hill Town of Franklinton Franklinton Rural Water Corp. Gardner Community Water System Village of Georgetown Village of Gilbert Town of Glenmora Village of Goldonna Town of Grand Couteau Grand Prairie Water System Village of Grayson Greenbriar-Prairie Basse Water System Town of Greensburg Greenwood Water System Town of Gueydan Hagewood Water System City of Hammond Town of Haughton Haves Water System Hebert Water System Hermitage Community Village of Hessmer Highway 80 Water System Hineston Water System, Inc. Houma Water TP Service Area Huntington Park Water Supply Innis Water Corp. Town of lota Town of Iowa Town of Jackson Town of Jena City of Jeanerette Jeff Davis Central Waterworks Dist. Jeff Davis Water & Sewer Comm. #1 Jeff Davis Waterworks Dist. #4 City of Jennings

Joint Readiness Training Center& Fort Polk Town of Jonesboro City of Kaplan Kiroli Shady Oaks Kolin-Ruby Wise W.D. 11A Town of Krotz Springs City of Lafayette Lafayette Parish WW Dist. North Lafourche Parish Water Dist. No. 1 Town of Lake Arthur City of Lake Charles LaSallle Waterworks Dist. #1 LAWCO (Lecompte) l awtel Town of Leesville Leland Water System Lena Water System Town of Leonville Lewisburg-Bellevue Water System Liddieville Water System Town of Livonia Louisiana State Penitentiary Louisiana Tech University M&S Water Supply Magnolia Plantation Water System Town of Mamou Mamou Road Water System, Inc. Mandeville Water Supply Town of Mangham City of Mansfield Town of Marksville Village of Maurice Village of McNary Town of Melville Village of Mer Rouge Village of Mermentau Midway Water System Milton Water System City of Minden Mire Branch Water Corp. Town of Montgomery Monticello Water System Town of Montpelier Town of Moreauville Morehouse Consolidated W.D. #2 Village of Morganza Morrow Water System Village of Morse Mt. Hermon Water Districtv City of Natchitoches Natchitoches Parish WW Dist. #2 N-E-W Carroll Water Dist. City of New Iberia (LAWCO) City of New Roads North Crowley Water Corp. North Franklin Water System Village of North Hodge Village of Norwood Old River Water #1 Town of Olla City of Opelousas Village of Palmetto Parish Water Co. Pecan Island WW Dist. #3

Issue 12

Update on the Sibley Lake Watershed Project

Located in the Red River Basin in Natchitoches Parish, Sibley Lake is the drinking water supply for the City of Natchitoches, the Village of Clarence, and the community of Hagewood. It is also the water supply for the unincorporated areas around the lake and along the water distribution system between the above listed municipalities. The total population served is almost 25,000.

Natchitoches. Because most

of this development is located

outside of the municipal

limits, no centralized sewer

system exists there. Therefore

it is served by individual

sewage systems. These

sewage systems are in various

degrees of operational condi-

tion. Many of these systems

are located within a few

hundred feet of the lake and

its tributaries. Development

of the property directly

adjacent to and around the

lake is expected to continue,

which will increase the

potential for sewage loading

City of Natchitoches to

protect their water source. As

part of this effort, the City of

Natchitoches, with LDEO's

encouragement, submitted a

proposal for the Sibley Lake

LDEQ is working with the

Type of System	Total Number of Systems Inspected	Total Number of Failed Systems
Septic	284	44
Mechanical	476	81
Oxidation Pond	56	11
Totals	816	136

ound to be failing

The watershed around the will terminate on October 31, GIS system. So far the lake consists of rural and 2008 contractor has completed all urban land. The area immediof the initial inspections of The 319 funded project ately surrounding the lake has individual sewage systems for enables the City of Natchitoa significant amount of ches to inventory and inspect a total of 816 systems residential development and all individual sewage inspected. Out of these, 136 most of this development is treatment systems within a were found to be either failed located outside of the corpohalf-mile of Sibley Lake, or malfunctioning. rate limits for the City of

and, to the extent permitted by time and funding, additional areas beyond a half -mile which are immediately adjacent to tributaries.

The systems were located by GPS and pertinent information on each system was entered into the City's



Watershed Individual Sewage Treatment System Improvement Project. The project became effective on May 1, 2007 and

into the lake.

(Above) Inspection results for the Sibley Lake Watershed Individual Sewage Treatnent Improvement Project. The chart shows the type of individual sewage systems inspected, the total number of systems inspected, and the number of systems

> Owners of failed sewage systems were served notice that their systems must be repaired or replaced. Funding is provided for the repair/ replacement of the failed systems on a cost-share basis. Owners of the repaired/ replaced systems are required

to sign a document stating that they will abide by the continued maintenance requirements specified by the city ordinance as long as they own the repaired/replaced system. The contractor has begun to disburse funds to sewage system contractors for the repairs/replacement of malfunctioning systems.

The Sibley Lake Watershed Individual Sewage Treatment Project enables the City of Natchitoches to mitigate the future threat of sewage loading in Sibley Lake and protect their source of drinking water and the health of those that swim and boat in the lake.

Submitted by Micaela Coner Editor's Note: DEO Staff are currently working to amend the contract to provide more grant funds and to extend the project through October 31, 2009.



(To Left) The map shows Sibley Lake and surrounding areas. The colored dots indicate the ocations of inspected individual sewade systems showing the ailed systems in ed. the nechanica svstems in blue, the septic systems in iqua, and the oxidation ponds in reen.

Bossier Parish Committee Accomplishments

The Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality's Drinking Water Protection Team began work in Bossier Parish at the end of June 2007. Staff members visited with representatives of the local water systems and other government officials to introduce the Drinking Water Protection Program. Bossier Parish has twenty-six active public community water systems. There is one surface water system and five (5) water systems that purchase surface water. The surface water system is the City of Bossier, and the source of drinking water is the Red River. There are twenty (20) ground water systems, ten (10) are municipal and ten (10) are non-municipal systems.

The Drinking Water Protection Team advertised for the parish program and community meeting through several media appearances. Jesse Means gave a radio interview on KEEL and Jesse Means and Micaela Coner appeared on KSLA News 12

in September of 2007. Meeting announcements were mailed to over 250 parish contacts. Two community meetings were held in the parish. The first meeting was held on September 25 at the Bossier Parish Courthouse in Benton, LA and the second community meeting was held on September 27 at the Public Service Complex in Bossier City, Louisiana. Twenty volunteers signed up to serve on the Bossier Parish Drinking Water Protection Committee.

The first meeting of the Bossier Parish Drinking Water Protection Committee was held on October 25. 2007. DWPP staff member Jesse Means opened the meeting with introductions and a brief explanation of the purpose of the Committee and why it had been formed. DEO introduced the three goals it suggests for every drinking water protection committee: 1.Visit potential sources of contamination (businesses that store or manage chemicals) near the drinking water



DEQ Drinking Water Protection team member Jesse Means awards a certificate of appreciation to Ms. Charlotte Hamiter for her committed service on the Bossie Parish Drinking Water Protection Committee.

sources, 2. Promotion of drinking water protection ordinances, and 3. Distribute information on drinking water protection. Next, the Committee discussed goals it wanted to work on relating to drinking water protection.

From the first meeting until the close of the program, the Bossier Parish Drinking Water Protection Committee worked diligently on efforts to protect drinking water. The committee completed informational visits to businesses near the drinking water sources. The committee also worked to create a parish list of used oil recyclers for distribution and publication in local newspapers.

Many guest speakers made presentations to the Bossier Parish Drinking Water Protection Committee. Jennifer Kihlken of the Department of Health and Hospitals gave a regulatory update on the Louisiana Safe Drinking Water Program. Matt Simon of the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources (DNR) gave a presentation on oil-field related DNR regulations to protect waters of the state. Local students Catie and Emily Owens gave a presentation on water quality testing they performed on the oxbow lake in C. Bickham Dickson Park.

Christy Rando of DEQ gave a presentation on DEQ's Nonpoint Source Pollution Program and storm drain marker project. The Town of Plain Dealing and Cypress Black Bayou water system elected to participate in the



Above) Environmental Staff Scientist Christy Rando addresses the committee about DEQ's Nonpoint Source Pollution Program. (Below) Storm drain markers



storm drain marking project, and were provided the appropriate materials by DEO's Nonpoint Source Section.

As a result of committee efforts, the Town of Plain Dealing passed a ground water protection ordinance on January 8, 2008 and the Town of Haughton passed a similar ordinance on June 12, 2008. The Bossier Parish Police Jury passed the ordinance on September 3, 2008.

The committee had a final meeting to celebrate its accomplishments on Wednesday, June 26, 2008. Each committee member was awarded a certificate for their service to the community through drinking water protection efforts.

Submitted by Micaela Coner

Success of the Ordinance

The Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality is gaining major coverage with their Drinking Water Protection Ordinance. The Drinking Water Protection Team confirms that the ordinance has been well received in the parishes they have worked in since the program began in 2003. The ordinance has been passed in thirty-six (36) municipalities and by five (5) police juries (parish governments).

The model Drinking Water Protection Ordinance prohibits businesses that handle, use or store chemicals from locating within 1000' of a public water supply well. Surprisingly, with all the regulations currently in place, you can still legally put a gas station with an underground storage tank 25' from a public supply well. This ordinance, while keeping new businesses

Grant Parish Recognized Used Oil Recycling Protects the Environment, **Conserves Energy**

Louisiana citizens own and maintain over four million private automobiles, trucks, and other vehicles. Each vehicle generates at least 2.5 gallons of used oil per year. More than half of Louisiana vehicle owners maintain their own vehicles, but they recycle less than 15% of the used oil. The rest, an estimated excess of five million gallons, is discarded in storm drains. waterways, sewers, vacant lots, and landfills.

Improper disposal of used oil can contaminate the environment in several ways. Many people mistakenly believe that storm drains are connected to wastewater treatment plants. The fact is that anything placed in catch basins drains directly to the nearest stream, lake, river, or bayou. Used oil poured on the ground can contaminate ground water supplies through seepage or infiltration, and can also be carried into waterways by rainfall runoff. Used oil placed in household drains enters sewage treatment systems, but home septic systems and municipal



Geologist Jesse Means and Ray Baum of the Village of Georgetown examine the 1,000 gallon tank donated by Petron for the disposal of used oil in Grant Parish.

sewage treatment systems are gallons of water to a level not designed to handle oil, above drinking water Residents of the parish can standards. which can interfere with bacterial action necessary for proper sewage treatment. The With energy costs soaring, result could be costly system many people are investigating failure or the discharge of alternative energy sources and untreated, oil-contaminated ways to cut costs. Used oil is wastewater into nearby wateran excellent source of energy, Committee is giving the ways. Ground water and yet we waste this energy residents of Grant Parish the local waterways are the when it is not recycled. That sources of drinking water for same gallon of used motor oil recycle energy resources and the community. One gallon that can contaminate our reduce their impact on the drinking water can produce environment. of used motor oil can contaminate one million 2.5 quarts of motor oil, while

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chemicals from locating near the public supply wells, has a is immediately measurable. grandfather clause that allows existing businesses to remain.

The Drinking Water Protection Team, made up of four members, stays busy educating citizens of the state about drinking water If you have additional quesprotection. However, public education is difficult to measure. It may take years to see a change in peoples'

that handle, use or store behavior, but with an ordinance in place, protection

> If you have questions about drinking water protection, our website is a great place to go: www.deq.la.gov/aeps.

> tions, call us at (225)219-3510.

> > Submitted by Tiffani Cravens

42 gallons of crude oil is needed to produce the same amount.

The Grant Parish Drinking Water Protection Committee is currently working to establish two used oil collection facilities in the parish. Petron. Inc. donated a 350gallon tank with a dike and a 1000-gallon tank. The large tank is located in the Village of Georgetown and a secondary containment berm is being constructed around it. The small tank will likely be located in the Town of Colfax. Once the tanks are set up the committee will contact an oil recycler to arrange for oil pick-up. then begin bringing their used oil to the two collection points for recycling. By making an extra effort to establish collection points for used oil, the Drinking Water Protection opportunity to do their part to

Submitted by Mary Gentry